# SECURITRE

# Reference Manual

**Note:** All references to the SECURITRE version in this manual are indicated by *vrs* or *v.r.s.* The current release of SECURITRE is version 4.1.2.

Comments pertaining to this document and the SECURITRE package are encouraged. Please direct all comments to:

#### Treehouse Software, Inc.

2605 Nicholson Road, Suite 1230 Sewickley, PA 15143 Phone: 724.759.7070 Fax: 724.759.7067

e-mail: tsi@treehouse.com http://www.treehouse.com

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<sup>\*</sup> In this document, CA-ACF2 is referred to as ACF2, and CA-TOP SECRET is referred to as TOP SECRET or TSS.

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#### SECTION I

#### INTRODUCTION

#### I.1 SECURITRE Documentation

The structure of the SECURITRE documentation is intended to make information about the product more convenient to locate and use.

Treehouse Software, Inc. (TSI) provides two manuals for SECURITRE. In order to successfully install and use SECURITRE, both manuals are required.

#### **Administrator Guide**

The Administrator Guide provides detailed explanations for installing, setting up, and tailoring SECURITRE to site-specific needs.

The Administrator Guide explains how to install and prepare SECURITRE for use by using a simple, efficient process. It explains installation details for SECURITRE modules and adjustments necessary in RACF, ACF2, and TOP SECRET. It also explains the few primary parameters and modules necessary to get SECURITRE running in a TEST environment, giving several comprehensive examples. Once SECURITRE is operational, it is necessary to view the SECURITRE Reference Manual for information about placing SECURITRE into PRODUCTION, fine tuning, and defining less frequently used parameters.

#### **Reference Manual**

The Reference Manual provides detailed reference material about the various SECURITRE functions and features.

The Reference Manual is intended for reference use after the product has been installed and its successful operation has been verified. The Reference Manual lists and describes the items that are typically referenced. Parameters are listed in alphabetical order, and Error Codes are listed in numeric order. There is little introductory discussion in this manual.

The nature of security precludes giving detailed security information or describing security techniques to all except those with a need for the information. Therefore, there is no "User Manual" with SECURITRE. The "users" in this case are end-us ers and applications programmers. These personnel do not normally need to know if security is in effect or how it is employed. They only need to know that they should report to their management if they receive a security violation message.

Those people with a need for SECURITRE information include:

- The highest level of management to be assured their data and applications are secure
- The Security Administrator, Auditors, and the Security Staff
- The DBA and/or DBA Staff
- The NATURAL Administrator(s)
- The System Programmers and Operations Staff for installation help
- The Applications Analysts and Project Leaders to understand SECURITRE's Application Security features (STRNAT and STRASM)

Additional documentary materials of value to SECURITRE sites are available from TSI free of charge. These include:

- Product Overview
- Fact Sheet

The following sections are presented in this Reference Manual:

- SECURITRE for ADABAS Nucleus
- SECURITRE for NATURAL
- SECURITRE for ADABAS Utilities
- Real-time Monitor
- Internal Application Security Features (STRNAT and STRASM)

#### I.2 Introduction to SECURITRE

Most IBM (and compatible) mainframe installations rely on one of three major operating System Security Facilities (SSFs) (i.e., RACF, ACF2, or TOP SECRET) to control access to their non-ADABAS data and non-NATURAL applications. These facilities provide centralized security administration for all such applications and datasets available on the computer system.

Centralized control of the security function is essential to promoting the integrity and safety of the computerized applications. ADABAS and NATURAL do not interface directly with these centralized security systems. Instead, ADABAS and NATURAL have their own security mechanisms.

SECURITRE provides an interface that allows all ADABAS/NATURAL related security rules to reside in the SSF, enabling all security data to exist as part of a single rule base. The single rule base provides better security and makes it much easier to manage changes in the security environment.

With SECURITRE in place, the process of controlling access to ADABAS and NATURAL is simplified and centralized. The SSF controls access to ADABAS data and NATURAL environments at all levels, eliminating the need for separate ADABAS and NATURAL security control mechanisms and separate security files and application-based security logic.

A full introduction to the principle of Central Security Management and a more detailed introduction to SECURITRE are presented in the Introduction Section of the Administrator Guide.

#### **SECTION II**

#### SECURITRE FOR ADABAS NUCLEUS

#### II.1 SECURITRE for ADABAS - Parameters

SECURITRE has been designed to enable the Security Administrator to easily tailor SECURITRE to meet si te-specific requirements. Through the use of parameters, a si te customizes SECURITRE for ADABAS according to its needs. Tabl es and full descriptions of these parameters appear I ater in this section. The two parameter statem ents (macros) provi ded include:

STRDEF specifies SECURITRE DEFault settings
STRFNR specifies SECURITRE file (FNR) overrides

STRDEF parameters make it possible for the Security Administrator to specify actions that should be taken by SECURI TRE on a gl obal basis. Many of the STRDEF paramet ers may be overridden at the file level by STRFNR parameters. In most cases, STRDEF makes it possible to define the processing rules to SECURITRE for all the files in a database with only few STRFNR statements for "special case" files.

#### For Example:

STRDEF	Defaults pertaining to site standards, and general file security for
	the database
STRFNR	Exceptions for file 10
STRFNR	Exceptions for files 20-25, 27
STRFNR	Exceptions for file 32

STRFNR END This must always be the last STRFNR macro invocation!.

The specifications of STRDEF and STRFNR stat ements make up the SE CURITRE parameters, or "STRPARMS." A set of STRPARMS must be generated for use with each database. These are to be named STP99999, where ' 99999' refers to the database number in the range 00001-65535. When SECURITRE is run on a particular database, SECURITRE expects to find a 'STRPARMS' module, named appropriately for the database, in the ADABAS Load Library.

#### II.2 STRDEF Statement

The purpose of the STRDEF stat ement is to specify default SECURITRE settings. Only one STRDEF statement may be coded for each STRPARMS module.

The reference format for the STRDEF and STRF NR parameters is standard macro assembl er format:

- Opcode in column 10
- One or more spaces
- Operands up to column 71, separated by commas
- Continuation symbol (x) in column 72
- Continuation lines start in column 16

In the following figure, the column entitled **STRFNR Override?** indicates (Yes or No) if the STRDEF parameter can be overridden by an STRFNR parameter.

STRDEF Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value	STRFNR Override?
CLASS	Dataset class name	any value defined to the SSF	DATASET	N
CMDLOG	Indicates whether to request command logging in User-Exit-4	ON or OFF	OFF	N
DELIM	Delimiter character in the DSN	any character or null (")	. (period)	Y
DSNORDR	Order to generate the DSN for File Security	any combination of up to eight of the following: CMD, DBID, FIELD, FILE, GPGM, JOB, NLIB, NODE, NPGM, TERM, TPMON, or TRAN	FILE	Y
DSNPOOL	Number of DSNs to maintain in User-Exit-1 DSN table	1 to 10000	100	N
EX1ALL	Calls STREX1 for documented and undocumented ADABAS commands	ON or OFF	OFF	N
FILEMAX	Specifies the maximum number of files to secure	OLD (255 files) NEW (65535 files)	OLD	N
FLSDEL	Literal to be included in place of FIELD in the DSNORDR during a delete command	any string up to eight characters	DELETE	Y

Figure 1 - STRDEF Parameters

STRDEF Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value	STRFNR Override?
FLSPOOL	Number of ADABAS Command-IDs for which SECURITRE may maintain information during Field Level Security processing	0 to 50, must be divisible by 10	20	N
FORCE	Hour to purge user tables	0 to 23 or 99	99 (never purge)	N
LOGVIOL	Specifies which violations (for each file) should be logged by the SSF	ALL or FIRST	ALL	Y
MODE	SECURITRE file protection mode setting	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	FAIL	Y
NOIDRED	Action to take when no User-ID is found for a READ command	ACCEPT or REJECT	REJECT	Y
NOIDUPD	Action to take when no User-ID is found for an UPDATE command	ACCEPT or REJECT	REJECT	Y
N2OPREF	DSN Prefix generated for N2O security	any value up to 17 characters	CONTROL.N2 O	N
PREFIX	DSN prefix (first part of DSN)	any value up to 17 characters	ADABAS.STR	Y
PRINT	Assembler PRINT directive	GEN or NOGEN	NOGEN	N
PROCCL	Indicates whether USERID table entries should be processed (removed) when an ADABAS CL command is received	ON or OFF	ON	N
PROCEX2	Indicates whether SECURITRE User-Exit-2 should be invoked	ON or OFF	OFF	Y
PURINTT	Seconds user must remain inactive to be purged from internal table	any positive integer value	0	N

Figure 1 – STRDEF Parameters

STRDEF Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value	STRFNR Override?
PURINTV	Interval at which inactive users should be purged (in hours)	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 24	0 (do not purge)	N
QUALIFY	DSN name qualifier (second part of DSN)	any value up to eight characters or null (")	PROD	Y
RACHECK	Type of check to be used when calling the SSF (for future use)	RACHECK	RACHECK	N
RTMORDR	Order to generate the DSN to secure the SECURITRE RTM	any combination FUNC and/or DBID	(FUNC, DBID)	N
SECURE	SSF in use at the installation	RACF, ACF2, or TSS	RACF	N
STREX1	Specifies a user-exit to SECURITRE when USERID is unknown	load module name	no default value	N
STREX2	Specifies a user-exit to SECURITRE after an ADABAS command has passed security checks	load module name	no default value	N
STREX3	Specifies a user-exit to SECURITRE when SECURITRE is in an unrecoverable ABEND situation.	load module name	no default value	N
STREX4	Reserved	N/A	N/A	N
STRRTM	DSN prefix generated for the SECURITRE RTM	any value up to 17 characters	CONTROL.STR	N
TERM	Stop or Terminate SECURITRE RTM NATURAL programs	S or T	S	N
TRACE	Specifies if diagnostic trace messages should be produced during execution	ON or OFF	OFF	N
TRACEDD	Defines the DD-name and SYSOUT class for trace messages	(ddname,c)	(STRTRC,H)	N
TRMRTM	DSN prefix generated for the TRIM RTM	any value up to 17 characters	CONTROL.TR M	N
UEXIT11	Specifies a second ADABAS User-Exit-11 to be invoked by SECURITRE	load module name	no default value	N

Figure 1 – STRDEF Parameters

STRDEF	Function	Valid	Default	STRFNR
Parameter		Values	Value	Override?
USERID	Primary method used to find the User-ID	TSIUEX1G TRIMV4-1, TRIMV4-2, STREX1  Note: TRIMV5 , TRIMV6 and ALT-1/2 are no longer supported. TSIUEX1G should be used instead.	TSIUEX1G	Z
USERID2	Alternate method used to find the User-ID	NONE TRIMV4-1 TRIMV4-2, TSIUEX1G,  Note: TRIMV5 and TRIMV6 are no longer supported. TSIUEX1G should be used instead.	NONE	N
USERS	Number of users to maintain in the internal SECURITRE table	1 to 10000	100	N
USRPOOL	Number of user-to-DSN relationship segments to maintain in the internal SECURITRE table	4 to 20000, must be equally divisible by 4	400	N
UTMODE	Utility Security protection mode setting	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	WARN	N
UTORDER	Order to generate the DSN for Utility Security	any combination of UTIL, FUNC, and/or FILE	(UTIL, FUNC, FILE)	N
UTPREF	DSN prefix for ADABAS Utility runs	any value up to 17 characters	ADAUTIL	N

Figure 1 – STRDEF Parameters

#### II.3 STRDEF Parameters

CLASS The resource cl ass to be used by SECURI TRE when request ing

authorization information from the SSF.

Valid Values: any value defined to the SSF

Default Value: DATASET
Assigned By: STRDEF only

**CMDLOG** 

Indicates whether to request command I ogging in ADABAS User-Exi t-4. Since the last User-Exit-4 to be invoked decides whether to I og commands, the CMDLOG parameter i s useful only if STRUEX4 is the only ADABAS User-Exit-4 installed. CMDLOG has no effect if the User-Exit-4 processing is handled by TRIM.

Valid Values: ON or OFF
Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STRDEF only

DELIM

The delimiter character to be pl aced between the PREFIX, QUALIFY, and DSNORDR parameter items when generat ing a DSN f or authorization requests to the SSF when no overriding STRFNR DELIM parameter has been specified for a given file.

Valid Values: any character or null (")

Default Value: (period)

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**DSNORDR** 

The order in which the DSN s hould be generated after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters when no overriding STRFNR DSNORDR parameter has been specified for a given file. SECURITRE will generate the DSN beginning with the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, and then add items to the DSN according to the order specified in the DSNORDR parameter. DSNORDR can only be used if SECURITRE obtains the User-ID using method TSIUEX1G because this feature obtains information from the SECURITRE USERINFO area, which is created from the SECURITRE Link-Exit-1. It will not include items that are meaningless in the context of the call. For example, it will not try to include a CICS Transaction-ID if the call does not originate from CICS.

DSNs generated by SECURI TRE are I imited to 44 charact ers. When SECURITRE determines that adding an item to the DSN exceeds this limit, it will not include any of the remaining items. Up to eight of the components below may be included, in any order:

CMD The two-character ADABAS command code for this call.

DBID The Database-ID and the file number of the FUSER file

being used when a cal I is made from a NATURAL program. If both the FUSER Database-ID and the fi le number are less than 256, this item will be formatted as DxxxFyyy, where 'xxx' is the Database-ID and 'yyy' is the FUSER file number. If either the FUSER Database-ID or the file num ber is greater than 255, this item will be formatted as Dxxxxx.Fyyyyy, where 'xxxxx' is the Database-ID and 'yyyyy' is the FUSER file number. This item will only be included for calls originating from NATURAL.

#### **DSNORDR** (continued from previous page)

FIELD The field alias obtained from the FIELDS= parameter in

the STRFNR statement. FIEL D is only included in the generated DSN when Fi eld Level Security is being

checked for a command.

<u>FILE</u> The file number for the fi le being accessed. The val ue

given the file number consists of the literal 'F' followed by the file number, such as F100 for a file number less than 256 or F00376 for a file number greater than 256. Otherwise, the value given to the file number consists of the file name as assi gned in the STRFNR al ias NAME

parameter, such as PERSONL.

GPGM The non-NATURAL program name. This item will only

be included for calls NOT originating from NATURAL.

JOB The MVS Jobname of the job being executed by the

user.

NLIB The NATURAL Library. This item will only be included

for calls originating from NATURAL.

NODE The SMFID of the CPU from which the call originates. If

the value given as the SMFID begins with a numeric value, the literal 'N' will be followed by the SMFID. For example, if SMFID=1234 then NODE=N1234, and if

SMFID=CPU1 then NODE=CPU1.

NPGM The NATURAL program name. This item will only be

included for calls originating from NATURAL.

<u>TERM</u> The CICS Terminal-ID. This item will only be included

for calls originating from CICS.

TPMON The TP monitor. Possible values are TSO, STC, CICS,

CMS, JOB (for batch), and COMP (COM-PLETE).

TRAN The CICS Transaction-ID. T his item will only be

included for calls originating from CICS.

Valid Values: CMD, DBID, FIELD, FILE, GPGM, JOB, NLIB, NODE,

NPGM, TERM, TPMON, or TRAN

Default Value: FILE

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**Note:** The DSNORDR paramet er may be overridden at the file level in the STRFNR parameters. Therefore, it is possible to set up some files for very strict security

requirements, while leaving other files less stringently secured.

**DSNPOOL** The maximum number of DSNs to be main tained at a given time in the

SECURITRE internal DSN t able in User-Exit-1. A higher value will allow more DSNs to be maintained in the DSN table, but will require more storage

for User-Exit-1.

Valid Values: 1 to 10000

Default Value: 100

Assigned By: STRDEF only

**EX1ALL** Specifies whether SECURITRE should call STREX1 f or every ADABAS

command, including unsecured commands, or onl y for commands where

SECURITRE needs to obtain a User-ID.

ON SECURITRE will call STRE X1 for all com mands,

including unsecured commands.

OFF SECURITRE will call STREX1 only when it

needs to obtain a User-ID.

Valid Values: ON or OFF
Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STRDEF only

FILEMAX Specifies the type of parameter s that shoul d be generated when the

'STRPARMS' are assembled.

NEW New style parameters will be generated. This allows for

files 1 - 65535 to be specified in the STNFILE. If file numbers greater than 255 are accessed, NEW must be

specified.

OLD The old style parameters will be generated. It allows for

files 1 - 255 to be secured. If file numbers greater than

255 are accessed, NEW must be specified.

Valid Values: NEW or OLD

Default Value: OLD

Assigned By: STRDEF only

The literal to be included in place of FIELD in the DSNORDR when Fi eld

Level Security is being checked and the ADABAS command code is E1 or

E4 (delete).

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: DELETE

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

#### **FLSPOOL**

The number of ADABAS Command-I Ds for which SECURITRE should maintain information during Field Level Security processing. This parameter should equal the average number of CI Ds, rounded up to a factor of 10, which will be in use at any given tim e against a file for which Field Level Security is in effect.

Valid Values: 0 to 50 (must be divisible by 10)

Default Value: 20

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **FORCE**

The hour at which SECURITRE should clear the internal tables of all access information. The value '99' indicates to SECURITRE that it should not purge its internal tables at any particular hour. (There are other i nstances of table purging, described later.)

Valid Values: 0 to 23 or 99
Default Value: 99 (never purge)
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### LOGVIOL

The logging action to be taken when mul tiple violations are made by a user accessing a DSN and no overriding STRFNR LOGVIOL parameter has been specified for a given file.

ALL SECURITRE will cause the SSF to log all violations by a

given user to a given DSN.

FIRST SECURITRE will cause the SSF to log only the first

violation by a given user to a given DSN.

Valid Values: ALL or FIRST

Default Value: ALL

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

#### MODE

The level of security to be activated when a file is being accessed and no overriding STRFNR MODE parameter has been specified for a given file.

DORMANT SECURITRE will not make any security checks and will

allow all calls to be processed by ADABAS. In effect, SECURITRE does nothing. DORMANT mode is useful for verifying the correct installation of SECURITRE, and for phasing in SECURITRE control, one or more files at

a time.

<u>WARN</u> SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF

to log any violations, and w ill allow all calls to be processed by ADABAS. WARN mode is provided so that installations can easily migrate to SECURITRE from

their existing security arrangement.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF

to log any vi olations, and prohi bit ADABAS f rom

processing unauthorized commands.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: FAIL

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**NOIDRED** 

The action SECURITRE will take when the User-ID for a READ command cannot be found when no overriding STRFNR NOIDRED parameter has been specified for the given file.

ACCEPT SECURITRE will allow READ commands to be

processed when no User-ID is found.

REJECT SECURITRE will prevent READ com mands from being

processed when no User-ID is found.

Valid Values: ACCEPT or REJECT

Default Value: REJECT

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**NOIDUPD** 

The action SECURITRE will take when the User-ID for an UPDATE command cannot be found when no overri ding STRFNR NOIDUPD parameter has been specified for the given file.

ACCEPT SECURITRE will allow UPDATE com mands to be

processed when no User-ID is found.

REJECT SECURITRE will prevent UPDATE commands from

being processed when no User-ID is found.

Valid Values: ACCEPT or REJECT

Default Value: REJECT

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**N2OPREF** 

Specifies to SECURITRE what literal to use at the beginning of the DSN it generates when requesting authorization from the SSF for a parti cular user to access  $N_2O$ . This parameter is only effective at installations where TSI's  $N_2O$  is installed.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: CÓNTROL.N2O Assigned By: STRDEF only

**PREFIX** 

The first part of the DSN to use when calls are made to the SSF when no overriding STRFNR PREFIX parameter has been specified for a given file.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: ADABAS.STR

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**PRINT** 

Indicates whether to pri nt the ma cro expansions of the STRDEF and STRFNR statements when they are assembled.

GEN Causes macro expansions to be pri nted in the listing.

Using GEN will result in a significantly longer listing.

NOGEN Suppress macro expansions in the listing.

Valid Values: GEN or NOGEN

Default Value: NOGEN
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### PROCCL

Indicates whether or not user t able entries should be removed when an ADABAS CL command is received. PROCCL should be set to OFF for databases which process a high number of CL commands, such as databases that are accessed by ADASQL.

Valid Values: ON or OFF
Default Value: ON (remove)
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### PROCEX2

Indicates whether or not SECURITRE User-Exit-2 should be invoked after an ADABAS command passes file level and field level security checks.

Valid Values: ON or OFF
Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

PURINTT

The number of seconds that a user must remain inactive before their entries are purged from the internal tables.

Valid Values: any positive integer value

Default Value: 0

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **PURINTV**

The interval, in hours, at which SECURITRE should scan its tables for inactive users and remove these users from its tables. If a value of 0 (zero) is specified, SECURITRE will not purge inactive users from the table.

Valid Values: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 24

Default Value: 0 (do not purge)
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **QUALIFY**

The second level of the DSN to be used by SECURI TRE when requesting authorization from the SSF when no overriding STRFNR QUALIFY parameter has been specified for a given file.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

or null (")

Default Value: PROD

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

#### **RACHECK**

The type of check to be used by SECURI TRE when calls are made to the SSF.

Valid Values: RACHECK
Default Value: RACHECK
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### RTMORDR

Specifies what order the DSN components should be included in the DSN for Real-Time Monitor (RTM) Security. Either or both of the components below may be included, in any order.

<u>DBID</u> The Database-ID. The DSN generated will consist of the

STRRTM PREFIX, the literal 'D', followed by the DBID. For example, CONTROL.STR.D007 for a database I ess than 256 or CONTROL.ST R.D00456 for a database

greater than 255.

<u>FUNC</u> The RTM function accessed by the user. The DSN

generated will consist of this STR RTM PREFIX followed by the FUNC, such as CONTROL. STR.PARM. The values for FUNC are listed in the Real-time Monitor

section of this manual.

Valid Values: FUNC or DBID
Default Value: (FUNC,DBID)
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### SECURE

The System Security Facility in use at the installation.

RACF is in use.

ACF2 ACF2 is in use.

TSS TOP SECRET is in use.

Valid Values: RACF, ACF2, or TSS

Default Value: RACF

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### STREX1

The SECURITRE User-Exit-1 to be invoked in the event that SECURITRE cannot determine the USERID issuing the command to ADABAS. The name provided must be the name of the load m odule for which SECURITRE will issue a LOAD. For more information, refer to the STREX1 User-Exit section of the SECURITRE Administrator Guide.

Valid Values: a valid load module name

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### STREX2

The SECURITRE User-Exit-2 to be invoked after a command has passed file level and field level security checks fo r files with the PROCEX2 param eter set to ON. The name provi ded must be the name of the I oad module for which SECURITRE will issue a LOAD. Fo r more information, refer to the STREX2 User-Exit section of the SECURITRE Administrator Guide.

Valid Values: a valid load module name

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### STREX3

The SECURITRE User-Exit-3 to be invoked when SECURITRE is in an unrecoverable ABEND situation. The name provided must be the name for the load module for which SECURITRE will issue a LOAD. For more information, refer to the STREX3 user-exit section of the SECURITRE Administrator Guide.

Valid Values: a valid load module name

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STRDEF only

**STREX4** Reserved for future use.

#### STRRTM

Specifies to SECURITRE what literal to use at the beginning of the DSN it generates for SECURITRE Real-Time Monitor (RTM) Security.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: CONTROL.STR Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **TERM**

The action to be taken by the SECURITRE RTM NATURAL programs upon their completion.

Stop SECURITRE RTM NATURAL programs.Terminate SECURITRE RTM NATURAL programs.

Valid Values: S or T Default Value: S

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **TRACE**

Controls the production of diagnostic trace messages written by SECURITRE during execution. Trace messages will be written out to the STRTRC dataset (see. TRACEDD keyword below).

Valid Values: ON or OFF

Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **TRACEDD**

Defines the DD-name and the Sysout cl ass for the di agnostic trace messages. If DD-name is not allocated in the ADABAS start-up JCL, it will be dynamically allocated and assi gned to SYSOUT=c, as speci fied by the second sub-parameter.

Valid Values: (ddname,class)
Default Value: (STRTRC,H)
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### TRMRTM

Specifies to SECURITRE what literal to use at the beginning of the DSN it generates when requesting authorization from the SSF for a parti cular user to access the TRIM Real -Time Monitor (RTM). This parameter is only effective at installations where TSI's TRIM RTM is installed.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: CONTROL.TRM Assigned By: STRDEF only

**UEXIT11** The name of a second ADABAS UEX11 t o be invoked by SECURI TRE

(User-Exit-11) after it completes its own processing. The name provi ded must be the nam e of the load m odule that SECURITRE User-Exit-11 will

LOAD.

Valid Values: a valid load module name

Default Value: no default values
Assigned By: STRDEF only

USERID The primary method SECURITRE should use to locate the correct SSF

User-ID for access authori zation purposes. If this method does not I ocate

the User-ID, the method indicated by USERID2 will be used.

TSIUEX1G The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

SECURITRE Link-Exit-1 generated USERINFO Area.

TRIMV4-1 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be determ ined from the

Additions-3 field in the ADABAS Control Block.

TRIMV4-2 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be determ ined from the

Additions-4 field in the ADABAS Control Block.

Note: TRIMV5/TRIMV6 are no longer supported, TSIUEX1G should be used.

ALT-1 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

ADABAS 4 "Cont rol Block Extended Area," generated through certain link routines in effect for performance

monitors other than TRIM.

ALT-2 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

ADABAS USERINFO area, generated through certain link routines in effect for performance moni tors other

than TRIM.

<u>CQXAESI</u> The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

area pointed to by CQXAESI

STREX1 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be obtained from

STREX1.

Default Value: TSIUEX1G
Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **USERID2**

The method SECURITRE should use to locate the correct SSF User-ID for access authorization purposes if the primary method (USERID) is unable to locate the User-ID.

TRIMV4-1 The ADABAS 4 SSF User-ID will be determined through

a patch to the ADALINK routine. The User-ID is passed in the Additions-3 field in the ADABAS Control Block.

TRIMV4-2 The ADABAS 4 SSF User-ID will be determ ined through

a patch to the ADALINK routine. The User-ID is passed in the Additions-4 field in the ADABAS Control Block.

TSIUEX1G The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

SECURITRE User-Exit-B generated USERINFO Area,

which is only available in ADABAS.

**Note:** TRIMV5/TRIMV6 are no longer supported, TSIUEX1G should be used.

ALT-1 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

ADABAS 4 "Cont rol Block Extended Area," generated through certain link routines in effect for performance

monitors other than TRIM.

ALT-2 The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

ADABAS USERINFO area, generated through certain link routines in effect for performance moni tors other

than TRIM.

CQXAESI The ADABAS SSF User-ID will be retrieved from the

area pointed to by CQXAESI

NONE No alternate m ethod will be used for obtaining the

User-ID.

Default Value: NONE

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **USERS**

The maximum number of users to be maintained in the SECURITRE internal user table at any given time. The value assigned to USERS is dependent on site requirements. A higher value will allow more users to be maintained in the user table, but it will require more storage for User-Exit-11.

Valid Values: 1 to 10000

Default Value: 100

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **USRPOOL**

The maximum number of User-to-DSN re lationship segments to maintain in the SECURITRE internal t able in User-Exit-11. A higher value will allow more relationships to be maintained in the User-to-DSN relationship table but will require more storage for User-Exit-11.

Valid Values: 4 to 20000 (must be divisible by 4)

Default Value: 400

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **UTMODE**

The level of security activated when a user at tempts to run an ADABAS utility.

<u>DORMANT</u> SECURITRE will not make any security checks and will

allow the utility to be executed by ADABAS.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF

to log any violations, and will allow the utility to be

executed by ADABAS.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF

to log any violations, and will prevent any unauthorized

utilities to be processed by ADABAS.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: WARN

Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### **UTORDER**

The order in which the DSNs hould be generated after the UTPREF parameter when a call is made to the SSF for U tility Security. Any or all of the components below may be included, in any order.

<u>FILE</u> The file number for the file being accessed, or the file

name as assi gned in the STRFNR al ias NAME parameter, such as PERSONL. The val ue given to the file number consists of the literal 'F' followed by the file

number, such as F100.

Note:

If the file number or Databas e-ID is greater than 255, the value given to the file number will be formatted as 'Fnnnnn,' where 'nnnnn' is the file number (e.g., F00100 or F01234), and the value given to the Database-ID will be formatted as 'Dxxxxx,' where 'xxxxx' is the Database-ID (e.g., D00100 or D01234).

<u>FUNC</u> The utility function accessed by the user.

<u>UTIL</u> The last 3 characters of the utility name, such as ULD,

for ADAULD.

For more information about possible values for FUNC and UTIL, refer to the ADABAS Utility Control section of this manual.

Valid Values: UTIL, FUNC, or FILE
Default Value: (UTIL,FUNC,FILE)
Assigned By: STRDEF only

UTPREF The first part of the D SN to use when calls are made to the SSF for U tility

Security.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: ADAUTIL Assigned By: STRDEF only

#### II.4 STRFNR Statement

The purpose of the STRFNR statement is to allow the Security Administrator to specify how SECURITRE is to process specific ADABAS files. When specified, the STRFNR statement parameters override the STRDEF default values for particular files. If there is no STRFNR statement specified for a particular file, the STRDEF default values will be used.

Only one STRFNR statement may be coded related to each file. Each STRFNR statement must contain a FILE parameter and at I east one other parameter t hat applies to the file or files referenced. Unlike STRDEF, multiple STRFNR statements may be coded, as I ong as no two STRFNR statements reference the same file. STRFNR statements can refer to a single file, multiple files, or a range of files.

Figure 2 lists the STRFNR parameters, their uses, their valid values, and their default values.

STRFNR Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value
DELIM	Delimiter character in the DSN for the specified file(s)	any character or null (")	. (period) (from STRDEF)
DSNORDR	Order to generate the DSN for File Security for the specified file(s)	any combination of up to eight of the following: CMD, DBID, FIELD, FILE, GPGM, JOB, NLIB, NODE, NPGM, TERM, or TRAN	FILE (from STRDEF)
FIELDS	Specifies the ADABAS field names of the fields for which Field Level Security processing should be performed, as well as an alias to be included in the DSN for each of the fields	any number of pairs of 2- character ADABAS field name/8-character alias	no default value
FILE	Specifies to which file or range of files the parameters apply	0 to 65535 or a range	no default value

Figure 2 – STRFNR Parameters

STRFNR Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value
FLSDEL	Literal to be included in place of FIELD in the DSNORDR during a delete command	any string of up to eight characters	DELETE (from STRDEF)
FLSMODE	Level of Field Level Security to be activated for this file	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	DORMANT
LOGVIOL	Specifies which violations for the specified file(s) should be logged by the SSF	ALL or FIRST	ALL (from STRDEF)
MODE	SECURITRE protection mode setting to be used for the specified file(s)	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	FAIL (from STRDEF)
NAME	Specific name to be used for the specified file(s) when calling the SSF	any value up to 17 characters	'F' followed by a 3-digit file number if < 256 or 5-digit if > 255
NOIDRED	Action to take against the specified file(s) when no User-ID is found for a READ command	ACCEPT or REJECT	REJECT (from STRDEF)
NOIDUPD	Action to take against the specified file(s) when no User-ID is found for an UPDATE command	ACCEPT or REJECT	REJECT (from STRDEF)
PREFIX	DSN prefix (first part of DSN) for the specified file(s)	up to 17 characters	ADABAS. STR (from STRDEF)
PROCEX2	Indicates whether SECURITRE User-Exit-2 should be invoked	ON or OFF	OFF (from STRDEF)
QUALIFY	DSN name qualifier (second part of DSN) for the specified file(s)	any value up to eight characters or null (")	PROD (from STRDEF)
TRACE	Specifies whether or not diagnostic trace messages should be produced during execution	ON or OFF	OFF (from STRDEF)

Figure 2 – STRFNR Parameters

Note:	The FIELDS and FLSMODE parameters rel	ated to speci fic file(s), can only be
	specified as STRFNR parameters, they cannot	t be specified in STRDEF.

#### II.5 STRFNR Parameters

**DELIM** 

The delimiter character to be pl aced between the PREFIX, QUALIFY, and DSNORDR parameter items when generat ing a DSN f or authorization requests to the SSF for the specified files.

Valid Values: any character or null (")

Default Value: . (period)

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**DSNORDR** 

The order in which the DSN s hould be generated after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters for the specified file(s). S ECURITRE will stop generating the DSN when it calculates that an additional item will cause the DSN to be longer than 44 characters. Up to eight of the components below may be included in any order.

CMD The two-character ADABAS command code for this call.

<u>DBID</u> The Database-ID and the file number of the FUSER file

being used when a cal I is made from a NATURAL program. If both the FUSER Database-ID and the file number are less than 255, this item will be formatted as DxxxFyyy, where 'xxx' is the Database-ID and 'yyy' is the FUSER file number. If either the FUSER Database-ID or the file num ber is greater than 255, this item will be formatted as Dxxxxx.Fyyyyyy, where 'xxxxx' is the Database-ID and 'yyyyy' is the FUSER file number. It will only be included for calls originating from NATURAL.

FIELD The field alias obtained from the FIELDS= parameter in

the STRFNR statement. FIEL D is only included in the generated DSN when Fi eld Level Security is being

checked for a command.

FILE The file number for the file being accessed. The value

given the file number consists of either the literal 'F' followed by the file number, such as F100 for a file less than 256 or F00376 for a file number greater than 255. Otherwise, the value given to the file number consists of the file name as assigned in the STRFNR alias NAME

parameter, such as PERSONL.

GPGM The non-NATURAL program name. This item will only

be included for calls NOT originating from NATURAL.

JOB The MVS Jobname of the job being executed by the

user.

NLIB The NATURAL Library. This item will only be included

for calls originating from NATURAL.

#### **DSNORDR** (continued from previous page)

NODE The SMFID of the CPU from which the call originates. If

the value given as the SMFID begins with a numeric value, the literal 'N' will be followed by the SMFID. For example, if SMFID=1234 then NODE=N1234, and if

SMFID=CPU1 then NODE=CPU1.

NPGM The NATURAL program name. This item will only be

included for calls originating from NATURAL.

TERM The CICS Terminal-ID. This item will only be included

for calls originating from CICS.

TRAN The CICS Transaction-ID. T his item will only be

included for calls originating from CICS.

Valid Values: CMD, DBID, FIELD, FILE, GPGM, JOB, NLIB,

NODE, NPGM, TERM, or TRAN

Default Value: FILE

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

FIELDS Specifies the names of the ADABAS fields for which Field Level Security

processing should be performed, as well as an alias to be included in the DSN for each fileld. The format of the FIELDS parameter is FIELDS=(aa,alias1,bb,alias2,...,nn, aliasn), where aa, bb, ..., nn specify a 2-character ADABAS field name and alias1, alias2, ..., aliasn specify an alias of

up to 8 characters to be used in the DSN.

Valid Values: any number of pairs of 2-character ADABAS field

name/8-character alias

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STRFNR only

**FILE** The file or range of files to which these parameters apply. There is no

default setting for this parameter, but an STRFNR statement without a FILE

parameter will take effect for all files.

Note: File numbers greater than 255 can not be specified unless FILEMAX=NEW is

specified in the STRDEF parameters.

Valid Values: 0 to 65535 or any range within these

values

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STRFNR only

**FLSDEL** The literal to be included in place of FIELD in the DSNORDR when Fi eld

Level Security is being checked and the ADABAS command code is E1 or

E4 (delete).

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: DELETE

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**FLSMODE** The level of Field Level Security activated for this file.

DORMANT SECURITRE will not check Fiel d Level Security for this

file.

WARN SECURITRE will check Field Level Security on the fields

listed in the FIELDS = parameter for the fi le as long as file security is a llowed for that specific file. This will cause the SSF to log any violations, and will permit

access to the file.

FAIL SECURITRE will check Field Level Security on the fields

listed in the FIELDS = parameter for the fi le as long as file security is a llowed for that specific file. This will cause the SSF to log any violations, and prohibit the command to be processed if any fields in the Form at

Buffer are unauthorized.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: DORMANT
Assigned By: STRFNR only

LOGVIOL

The logging action taken when multiple violations are made by a given user accessing the specified file(s).

ALL SECURITRE will cause the SSF to log all violations by a

given user to a given DSN.

FIRST SECURITRE will cause the SSF to log only the first

violation by a given user to a given DSN.

When a file is in WARN mode, the LOGVIOL is always set to "FIRST" by SECURITRE.

Valid Values: ALL or FIRST

Default Value: ALL

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

MODE

The level of security, such as file protection mode, to be used for the specified file(s).

DORMANT SECURITRE will not make any security checks, and will

allow all calls to be processed by ADABAS. In effect, SECURITRE does nothing. DORMANT mode is useful for verifying the correct installation of SECURITRE, and for phasing in SECURITRE control, one or more files at

a time.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF

to log any violations, and w ill allow all calls to be processed by ADABAS. WARN mode is provided so that installations can easily migrate to SECURITRE from

their existing security arrangement.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF

to log any vi olations, and prohi bit any unauthori zed

commands from being processed by ADABAS.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: FAIL

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

The following chart shows the response code t hat will be returned by SECURITRE for ADABAS file security with various combinations of SSF and SECURITRE modes:

SSF Mode	SECURITRE Mode	SECURITRE Response Code
DORMANT	WARN	0
DORMANT	FAIL	0
DORMANT	DORMANT	0
WARN	WARN	0 (with warning message from the SSF)
WARN	FAIL	0 (with warning message from the SSF)
WARN	DORMANT	0 (with warning message from the SSF)
FAIL	WARN	0 (with warning message from SECURITRE)
FAIL	FAIL	200
FAIL	DORMANT	0

As shown in the table above, the only way SECURITRE will stop a user operation is to have the SSF system and SECURI TRE in FAIL mode. While SECURITRE is installed in a test environment, the site may wish to set SECURITRE in warn mode. However, the SSF should always be in FAIL mode to prevent unwanted access to resources.

Note: Some SSF products will lockout a User-ID after a specified number of failed attempts. Since SECURITRE does not have control over this, the User-ID will be locked out

even if SECURITRE is set to WARN or DORMANT mode.

**NAME** The file name to use when generating a DSN for the specified file(s). If a

name is not provided, the literal 'F' followed by the file number will be used

(e.g., F001, F072, F255, or F00300).

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: 'F' followed by the 3- or 5-digit file

number

Assigned By: STRFNR only

NOIDRED The action SECURITRE will take when the User-ID for a READ command

cannot be found for the specified file(s).

ACCEPT SECURITRE will allow READ commands to be

processed when no User-ID is found.

REJECT SECURITRE will prevent READ com mands from being

processed when no User-ID is found.

Valid Values: ACCEPT or REJECT

Default Value: REJECT

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

NOIDUPD The action SECURITRE will take when the User-ID for an UPDATE

command cannot be found for the specified file(s).

ACCEPT SECURITRE will allow UPDATE com mands to be

processed when no User-ID is found.

REJECT SECURITRE will prevent UPDATE commands from

being processed when no User-ID is found.

Valid Values: ACCEPT or REJECT

Default Value: REJECT

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

**PREFIX** The first part of the DSN to use w hen calls are made to the SSF for Fi le

Security for the specified file(s).

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: ADABAS.STR

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

PROCEX2 Indicates whether SECURITRE User-Exit-2 should be invoked after an

ADABAS command passes file level and field level security checks.

Valid Values: ON or OFF

Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

QUALIFY The second level of the DSN to be used by SECURI TRE when requesting

authorization from the SSF for the specified file(s).

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

or null (")

Default Value: PROD

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

TRACE Controls the production of diagnostic trace messages written by SECURITRE

during execution. Trac e messages will be written to the STR TRC dataset defined using the TRACEDD keyword of STRDEF. When tracing is specified on the file level, trace messages are written only for commands executed

against the specified file.

Valid Values: ON or OFF

Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STRDEF and STRFNR

Section II - SECURITRE for ADABAS Nucleus

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#### **SECTION III**

#### SECURITRE FOR NATURAL

#### III.1 SECURITRE for NATURAL - Parameters

Through the use of parameters, a site may customize SECURITRE for NATURAL according to its needs. Tabl es and full descriptions of these parameters appear I ater in this section. The parameter statements (macros) that are provided include:

STNPARM	provides the site-specific parameters needed to customize SECURITRE for
	NATURAL.
STNLIB	specifies individual library parameters.
STNFILE	specifies individual database/file parameters for FDIC, FNAT, and FUSER.
STNDDM	specifies individual DDM parameters.
STNFINI	indicates the end of parameter specifications.

A set of parameters must include one STNPARM statement as the first statement and one STNFINI statement as the last statement. There may be none, one, or multiples of the other statements, including STNLIB, STNFILE, and STNDDM.

#### For example:

```
PREFIX='NATURAL',QUALIFY='PROD',...
STNPARM
STNLIB
             *DEFAULT, TYPE=PUB, PGMCHK=NO, ...
             SYSTEM, TYPE=PUB, PGMCHK=NO, ...
STNLIB
STNLIB
            SYSLIB, TYPE=PUB, PGMCHK=YES, ...
STNLIB
           PAYROLL, TYPE=PRIV, PGMCHK=YES, ...
           FDIC,DBID=100,FNR=102
STNFILE
STNFILE
STNFILE
            FNAT, DBID=100, FNR=101
           FUSER, DBID=100, FNR=100
STNFILE
           EMPLOYEE, DBID=101, FNR=001
STNDDM
             *DEFAULT,ALIAS=ANYDDM,TYPE=PUB
STNDDM
             SALARIES, ALIAS=SALARY, TYPE=PRIV
STNFINI
```

STNLIB and STNDDM defaults (\*DEFAULT) will be generated by SECURITRE if they are not provided.

The SECURITRE for NATURAL parameters must be coded in standard macro assembler format:

- Opcode in column 10
- · One or more spaces
- · Operands up to column 71, separated by commas
- Continuation symbol (x) in column 72
- Continuation lines beginning in column 16

These parameters must be coded, assembled, and link-edited. SECURITRE for NATURAL parameters are statically linked with the NATURAL nucleus. For Batch and TSO, the parameters may be either statically linked with the NATURAL nucleus or dynamically loaded when NATURAL is invoked. The dynamic parameter load option should be used only during SECURITRE for NATURAL testing. The benefit of dynamically loaded parameters is that the database does not need to be recycled to have the new parameters in effect. These parameters may be dynamically loaded through the Real-Time Monitor (RTM). It is recommended that the parameters be statically linked after testing has been completed so that users do not include a parameter dataset in front of the STEPLIB of the NATURAL dataset.

The SECURITRE tape is prepared with a default that forces the parameters to be statically linked. In order to change this default and enable dynamic parameter load, the following zap should be applied to a link-edited copy of module STNA:

#### For NATURAL 4.1 only:

NAME	STN41A	STNA
VER	0135	00
REP	0135	FF

#### For NATURAL 4.2 only:

NAME	STN42A	STNA
VER	0135	00
REP	0135	FF

If STN4nA is zapped for dynam ic parameter load, SECURITRE will load the parameter module named STNPNAT. If SECURITRE is unable to load a parameter module with the name STNPNAT, NATURAL ends execution with response code 102.

There are no unusual restrictions on a param eter module name if the parameters are statically linked with the NATURAL nucl eus. Additional information can be found on the following table.

#### III.2 STNPARM Statement

The purpose of the STNPARM statement is to allow the Security Administrator to specify the options in effect for securing the NATURAL environment.

The following table lists the STNPARM parameters, their uses, valid values, and their default values.

STNPARM Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value
CLASS	The resource class to be used by SECURITRE for NATURAL when requesting authorization information from the SSF	any class defined to the SSF or null (")	null (")
DDMLIT	Literal used for DSNs generated for DDM Security	any value up to eight characters	DDM
DDMMODE	Setting for DDM Security protection mode	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	FAIL
DDMORDR	Order in which to generate the DSN for DDM Security	any combination of LIT, LIB, DDM, and/or FDIC	(LIT,LIB,DDM, FDIC)
DELIM	Delimiter character in the DSN	any character or null (")	. (period)
LGNCHK	RESERVED	N/A	N/A
LGNLIT	Literal for DSNs generated for Logon Security	any value up to eight characters	LGN
LGNMODE	Setting for LOGON Security protection mode	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	FAIL
LGNORDR	Order in which to generate the DSN for LOGON Security	any combination of LIT, LIB, and/or FUSER	(LIT,LIB, FUSER)
LGNPRIV	Indicates whether logons to private libraries are allowed	UID, UID+ or NONE	UID+
LGNUNDF	RESERVED	N/A	N/A
NATUEX1	Other NATURAL User-Exit-1 to be invoked by SECURITRE	valid entry point in the NATURAL module	no default value
NSIFDIC	Literal used for DSNs generated for the FDIC file	any value up to eight characters	PROD
NSIFNAT	Literal used for DSNs generated for the FNAT file	any value up to eight characters	PROD
NSIFUSR	Literal used for DSNs generated for the FUSER file	any value up to eight characters	PROD
NSIMODE	Setting for NATURAL Session Initialization Security protection mode	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	FAIL

Figure 3 – STNPARM Parameters

STNPARM Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value
NSIORDR	Order in which to generate the DSN for NATURAL Session Initialization Security	any combination of LIT and/or FILE	(FILE,LIT)
NULIT	Literal used for DSNs generated by NATURAL Utility security	any value up to eight characters	UTIL
NUMODE	Setting for NATURAL Utility security protection mode	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	DORMANT
NUORDR	Order in which to generate the DSN for NATURAL Utility security	any combination of LIT, LIB, UTIL, and/or FUSER	(LIT, LIB, UTIL, FUSER)
PGLITOR	Literal for Program Security (object read)	any value up to eight characters	EXEC
PGLITOW	Literal for Program Security (object write)	any value up to eight characters	STOW
PGLITSR	Literal for Program Security (source read)	any value up to eight characters	READ
PGLITPD	Literal for Program Security (scratch/purge)	any value up to eight characters	DELETE
PGLITSW	Literal for Program Security (source write)	any value up to eight characters	STOW
PGMORDR	Order in which to generate the DSN for Program Security	any combination of LIT, LIB, PGM, and/or FUSER	(LIT,LIB,PGM, FUSER)
PGMTBSZ	Number of program names to store in internal tables	any number between 5 and 999	20
PGWLIT	Literal for Program Write Security	any value up to eight characters	PGMWRT
PGWORDR	Order in which to generate the DSN for program write security	any combination of LIT, LIB, and/or FUSER	LIT, LIB, FUSER
PREFIX	DSN prefix (first part of DSN)	any value up to 17 characters	NAT
PRIVBUF	Reserved	USERDEF	USERDEF
QUALIFY	DSN qualifier (second part of DSN)	any value up to eight characters or null (")	PROD
RACHECK	Module that issues security calls to the SSF	STN4RCHK STNRCHEK STRACHEK	STRACHEK
RUNLIT	Literal used for DSNs generated for RUN Security	any value up to eight characters	RUN

Figure 3 – STNPARM Parameters

# (continued from previous page)

STNPARM Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value
RUNORDR	Order in which to generate DSNs for RUN Security	any combination of LIT, LIB, and/or FUSER	(LIT, LIB, FUSER)
SERVER	DBID to which commands will be directed	0 to 65535	255
STEPLIB	Specifies a library besides SYSTEM where NATURAL can obtain programs	any value up to eight characters	SYSTEM
USERBUF	Reserved	N/A	N/A

Figure 3 - STNPARM Parameters

# III.3 STNPARM Parameters

**CLASS** 

The resource class to be used by SECURITRE for NATURAL when requesting authorization information from the SSF. A null value will cause SECURITRE for NATURAL to use the CLASS assigned in the STRDEF CLASS parameter.

Valid Values: any class defined to the SSF or null ("). (Null indicates that

there is no override to the STRDEF CLASS.)

Default Value: null (")

Assigned By: STNPARM and STRDEF

**DDMLIT** 

The literal to include in the DSN when SECURI TRE sends an aut horization request to the SSF for access to a DDM.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: DDM

Assigned By: STNPARM only

**DDMMODE** The level of security to be activated when a user attempts to access a DDM.

<u>DORMANT</u> SECURITRE will not m ake any security checks and will perm it

the user access to the DDM.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and permit the user access to the DDM.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and prevent any unauthori zed access to the

DDM.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: FAIL

Assigned By: STNPARM only

**DDMORDR** The order in which the DSN will be generated, after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, when a call is made to the SSF for DDM Security. Any or all of the components below may be included in any order.

> LIT The DDM literal defined in the DDMLIT parameter.

LIB The current library the user is logged on to when attempting to

access the DDM.

The DDM name or alias specified in a STNDDM statement. DDM

**FDIC** The current FDIC file alias for the DDM the user is attempting to

access as specified in an STNFILE statement.

any combination of LIT, LIB, DDM, and/or FDIC Valid Values:

Default Value: (LIT,LIB,DDM,FDIC) Assigned By: STNPARM only

# **DELIM**

The delimiter character to be pl aced between the PREFIX, QUALIFY, and DDMORDR parameter items when gener ating a DSN f or authorization requests to the SSF.

any character or null (") Valid Values:

. (period) Default Value: Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### LGNCHK Reserved for future use.

# **LGNLIT**

The literal to include in the DSN when SECURI TRE sends an aut horization request to the SSF for LOGON Security.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: **LGN** 

Assigned By: STNPARM only

# LGNMODE

The level of security to be activated when the user attempts to LOGON to a library. The LGNMODE parameter may be overridden at the library level through the use of the STNLIB TYPE parameter.

SECURITRE will not make any security checks and will perm it **DORMANT** 

the user to logon.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and permit the user to logon.

**FAIL** SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and prevent any unauthorized logons.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: FAIL

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **LGNORDR**

The order in which the DSN will be generated, after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, when a call is made to the SSF for LOGON Security. Any or all of the components below may be included in any order.

<u>LIT</u> The literal defined by the LGNLIT parameter.

<u>LIB</u> The library the user is attempting to logon.

<u>FUSER</u> The current FUSER of the user attempting to logon.

Valid Values: any combination of LIT, LIB, and/or FUSER

Default Value: (LIT,LIB,FUSER) Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **LGNPRIV**

Specifies whether LOGON Security should be bypassed when a user attempts to logon to a library that matches their User-ID exactly (UID) or one that begins with their User-ID (UID+).

<u>UID</u> SECURITRE should bypass security checking if the library name

matches the User-ID.

UID+ SECURITRE should bypass security checking if the library name

begins with the User-ID.

NONE LOGON Security will always be carried out according to the

LGNMODE parameter.

Valid Values: UID, UID+, or NONE

Default Value: UID+

Assigned By: STNPARM only

# **LGNUNDF** Res

Reserved for future use.

# NATUEX1

The name of a second NATURAL User-Exi t-1 to be invoked by SECURITRE after it completes its own NATURAL User-Exit-1 processing. The name provided must be the name of an entry point in the NATURAL module.

Valid Values: a valid entry point in the NATURAL module

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **NSIFDIC**

The literal to include in the DSN when SECURITRE generates a request to the SSF for access to NATURAL using the FDIC file specified in the NATPARM module during NATURAL Session Initialization.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: PROD

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **NSIFNAT**

The literal to include in the DSN when SECURITRE generates a request to the SSF for access to NATURAL using the FNAT file specified in the NATPARM module during NATURAL Session Initialization.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: PROD

Assigned By: STNPARM only

# **NSIFUSR**

The literal to include in the DSN when SECURITRE generates a request to the SSF for access to NATURAL using the FUSER file specified in the NATPARM module during NATURAL Session Initialization.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: PROD

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **NSIMODE**

The level of security to be activated during NATURAL Session Initialization time.

DORMANT SECURITRE will not make any security checks and will perm it

the user to enter the NATURAL environment.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and will permit the user to enter the N ATURAL

environment.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and prevent any unauthorized access to the

NATURAL environment.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: FAIL

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **NSIORDR**

The order in which the DSN will be generated, after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, when a call is made to the SSF for NSI Security. Either one or both of the components below may be included, in any order.

FILE The STNFILE alias for the FDIC, FNAT, or FUSER file specified

in the NATPARM modul e. If no al ias is available, SECURITRE will generate an alias in the fo rm of D xxxFyyy, where 'xxx' indicates the Database-ID and 'yyy' indicates the file number.

<u>LIT</u> The NSI I iteral, appropriate to the access bei ng checked as

specified in the NSIFDIC, NSIFNAT, and NSIFUSR parameters.

Valid Values: any combination of FILE and/or LIT

Default Value: (FILE,LIT)
Assigned By: STNPARM only

# NULIT

The literal to include in the DS N generated by SECURITRE when a user attempts to execute a NATURAL Utility.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: UTIL

Assigned By: STRPARM only

NUMODE

The level of security to be activated when the user attempts to execute a NATURAL Utility.

<u>DORMANT</u> SECURITRE will not make any security checks, but it will permit

the user to execute all NATURAL Utilities.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and permit the user to execute NATURAL

Utilities.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks and cause the SSF to

log any violations, but it will not permit the user to execute

NATURAL Utilities.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: DORMANT
Assigned By: STRPARM only

#### NUORDR

The order in which the DSN will be generated after the PR EFIX and QUALIFY parameters when a call is made to the SSF for NATURAL Utility security. Any or all of the components below may be included, in any order.

LIT The literal defined by the NULIT parameter.

LIB The current library the user is logged on to when attempting to

execute the NATURAL Utility.

<u>UTIL</u> The name of the NATURAL Utility the user is a ttempting to

execute.

FUSER The current FUSER of the us er attempting to execute the

NATURAL Utility.

Valid Values: any combination of LIT, LIB, UTIL, and/or FUSER

Default Value: (LIT,LIB,UTIL,FUSER)

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **PGLITOR**

The literal to include in the DS N generated by SECURITRE when a user attempts to read a program in object form.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: EXEC

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **PGLITOW**

The literal to include in the DS N generated by SECURITRE when a user attempts to store (CAT) a program in object form.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: STOW

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **PGLITSR**

The literal to include in the DS N generated by SECURITRE when a user attempts to read a program in source form.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: READ

Assigned By: STNPARM only

**PGLITPD** The literal to include in the DS N generated by SECURITRE when a user

attempts to delete (SCRATCH or PURGE) program source or object.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: **DELETE** Assigned By: STNPARM only

**PGLITSW** The literal to include in the DS N generated by SECURITRE when a user

attempts to store (SAVE) a program in source form.

Valid Values: any character string up to eight characters

Default Value: **STOW** 

STNPARM only Assigned By:

PGMORDR The order in which the DSN will be generated, after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, when a call is made to the SSF for Program Security. Any or all of

the components below may be included, in any order.

LIT The program literal, appropriate to the access being checked, as

specified in the PGLITOR, PGLITSR, PGLITOW, and PGLITSW

parameters.

LIB The library to which the program is being read or written.

**PGM** The name of the program that is being read or written.

**FUSER** The current FUSER for the user accessing the program.

any combination of LIT, LIB, PGM, and/or FUSER Valid Values:

(LIT,LIB,PGM,FUSER) Default Value:

Assigned By: STNPARM only

**PGMTBSZ** The number of program names to be

stored internally for each user. A program is added to the internal table after an SSF authorization request has been accepted for an object read (execute). If a program is in the table for the user, SECURITRE will not generate another SSF request for it. The table information for the user is cleared out when the user logs on to another library.

Valid Values: any number between 5 and 999

Default Value: 20

Assigned By: STNPARM only

**PGWLIT** The literal to include in the DSN when SECURITRE sends an authorization

request to the SSF for writing programs in the current library.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

**PGMWRT** Default Value: STNPARM only Assigned By:

PGWORDR The order in which the DSN will be generated, after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, when a call is made to the SSF for program write security. Any or all of the components below may be included, in any order.

> The program write literal defined in the PGWLIT parameter. <u>LIT</u>

LIB The library the user is logging onto. **FUSER** The current FUSER for the user.

Valid Values: any combination of LIT, LIB, and/or FUSER

Default Value: (LIT, LIB, FUSER) Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **PREFIX** The first part of the DSN to use for all SECURITRE for NATURAL SSF calls.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: NAT

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **PRIVBUF** Reserved for future use.

**USERDEF** Valid Values: Default Value: **USERDEF** Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **QUALIFY**

The second level of the DSN generated by SECURITRE for NATURAL when requesting information from the SSF.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters or null (")

Default Value: **PROD** 

STNPARM only Assigned By:

#### RACHECK The module that issues the security check to the SSF.

Valid Values: STN4RCHK (NAT4.1, 4.2) or STRACHEK

Default Value: STRACHEK (version independent)

Assigned By: STNPARM only

# **RUNLIT**

The literal to include in the DSN when SECURI TRE sends a request to the SSF for RUN Security.

any string up to eight characters Valid Values:

Default Value: RUN

Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### RUNORDR

The order in which the DSN will be generated, after the PREFIX and QUALIFY parameters, when a call is made to the SSF for RUN Security. Any or all of the components below may be included, in any order.

LIT The literal specified by the RUNLIT parameter.

LIB The current library for the user issuing the RUN.

FUSER The current FUSER for the user issuing the RUN.

The name of the program in the work area is irrelevant, since users may assign it the name of a program to which they have access.

Valid Values: any combination of LIT, LIB, and/or FUSER

Default Value: (LIT,LIB,FUSER)
Assigned By: STNPARM only

#### **SERVER**

A database that is running the SECURITRE for ADABAS User-Exit-1 from an APF-authorized dataset. SECURI TRE for NATURAL sends aut horization requests to this database, which in turn requests authorization from the SSF. Therefore, the NAT URAL module does not have to resi de in an APF-authorized dataset. If the val ue 0 (zero) is used, authorization requests will be directed to the database specified in the ADARUN parameters.

Valid Values: 0 to 65535 Default Value: 255

Assigned By: STNPARM only

## **STEPLIB**

The name of a I ibrary where NATURAL can attempt to I ocate executable programs when they are not found in the current I ibrary when no overri ding STNLIB STEPLIB parameter has been specified for the specified library.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters

Default Value: SYSTEM

Assigned By: STNPARM and STNLIB

# **USERBUF** Reserved for future use.

# III.4 STNLIB Statement

The SECURITRE library parameters are used to specify unique qualities about each library. The syntax for the library parameters is:

STNLIB library-name,[keyword-parameter=value,]...

Default sets of parameters may be speci fied by using \*DEFAULT as the I ibrary name. \*DEFAULT may be used i n combination with LIBFUSR to speci fy defaults for speci fic FUSERs.

SECURITRE scans for matching library parameters starting from the top of the STNLIB list. Therefore, the following rules should be followed when writing STNLIB parameters:

- \*DEFAULT libraries should appear at the top of the list.
- Matching library names should appear together for ease of maintenance.
- Blank LIBFUSR parameters must appear at the end of a group of STNLIBs for a library name. If no \*DEFAULT/bl ank LIBFUSR combination is found, SECURITRE will generate one after other \*DEFAULTs and before other library parameters.
- To reduce search time, the most commonly used libraries should appear closest to the top of the list.

STNLIB parameters should be coded in the following order:

```
1) STNLIB *DEFAULT,LIBFUSR=non-blank-FUSERS

2) STNLIB *DEFAULT <-generates a blank FUSER

3) STNLIB lib1,LIBFUSR=FUSER1,...
STNLIB lib1,LIBFUSR=FUSER2,...

...
STNLIB lib1,LIBFUSR=FUSERn,...
STNLIB lib2,LIBFUSR=FUSER1,...
STNLIB lib2,LIBFUSR=FUSER1,...
STNLIB lib2,LIBFUSR=FUSER2,...
...
...
STNLIB lib2,LIBFUSR=FUSER1,...
```

Separate STNLIB statements fo r the same I ibrary name on di fferent FUSER files may be specified by usi ng the LIBFUSR parameter . Si nce only one set of SECURITRE for NATURAL parameters may be I inked with a NATURAL module, the LIBFUSR parameter allows a site to use the same NATURAL module for multiple FUSERs. However, since more processing is required to identify the correct set of parameters at LOGON time, response time may be slightly affected.

Using the LIBFUSER paramet er benefits those who use the same NATURAL modul e for multiple FUSERs, since it specifies different library parameters for different FUSERs. The value assigned to the LIBFUSR parameter shoul d be a fi le-alias from the STNFILE parameters. A bl ank LIBFUSR indicates that this S TNLIB statement is the default for the library when a given library/FUSER combination is not found. If LIBFUSR does not appear in an STNLIB statement, it is set to blank.

SECURITRE will select STNLIB parameters based on the following priorities:

- 1) Match on Library Name and LIBFUSR=FUSER
- 2) Match on Library Name and blank FUSER
- 3) STNLIB library = \*DEFAULT and LIBFUSR=FUSER
- 4) STNLIB library = \*DEFAULT and LIBFUSR=blank

**Note:** After SECURITRE has selected the STNLIB parameters for a library, the defaults for the parameters that were not coded in the STNLIB are taken from the sel ected parameter definitions, not from the \*DEFAULT for the library/FUSER.

Information about each of the valid keyword-parameters can be found in Figure 4.

STNLIB Parameter			Default Value
ERRORTA	Specifies *ERROR-TA for this library	a valid NATURAL program	no default value
LGNPRMS	Area passed to STRLOGON after successful LOGON request	any value up to 16 characters	null (")
LIBFUSR	Specifies the FUSER with which these parameters will be used	null (") or file alias from STNFILE	null (")
LT	Override for LT NATPARM while the user is logged on to this library	0 through 2147483647	0
MADIO	Override for MADIO NATPARM while the user is logged on to this library	0, 30 through 32767	0
MAXCL	Override for MAXCL NATPARM while the user is logged on to this library	0, 10 through 32767	0
MT	Override for MT NATPARM while the user is logged on to this library	0 through 86399	0
MODE	Specifies the NATURAL mode for the user (Structured or Reporting) while logged on to this library	STRUCT or REPORT	REPORT
PGMCHK	Specifies the mode for Program Security in this library	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	FAIL
PGWRTCK	Specifies the mode for Program Write Security in this library	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	DORMANT
PGMTYPE	Types of NATURAL objects affected by program Execution Security	ALL or any combination of PROG, HELP, SUBP, SUBR, and/or MAP	ALL

Figure 4 – STNLIB Parameters

(continued on next page)

# (continued from previous page)

STNLIB Parameter	Function	Valid Values	Default Value
PGMWRT	Specifies whether NATURAL objects may be written or deleted while a user is logged on to this library	YES or NO	YES
RDONLY	Specifies whether database updating is disabled while a user is logged onto this library	YES or NO	NO
RUNCHK	Level of RUN Security in this library	DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL	DORMANT
STARTUP	Specifies a default *STARTUP for this library	A NATURAL program name	no default value
STEPLIB	Specifies a library besides SYSTEM where NATURAL can obtain programs while a user is logged on to this library	any string up to eight characters or null (")	null (")
TYPE	Specifies whether SECURITRE will check LOGON Security for this library	PRIV or PUB	PRIV
USRMODE	Specifies whether NATURAL system commands may be executed from this library	YES or NO	YES
XREF	Specifies whether the PREDICT active cross-reference feature is to be used	ON or OFF	OFF

Figure 4 – STNLIB Parameters

# III.5 STNLIB Parameters

**ERRORTA** The \*ERROR-TA for this library that is assigned when a user I ogs on to this

library.

Valid Values: a valid NATURAL program

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STNLIB only

 $\textbf{LGNPRMS} \quad \text{A 16-character free-form area that is passed to STRLOGON\,from\,\,STRLGN}$ 

when a request for LOGON is successful. This area may be used to customize

the environment of a library at logon time.

Valid Values: any string up to 16 characters or null (")

Default Value: null (")
Assigned By: STNLIB only

## **LIBFUSR**

The library FUSER is used when multiple NATURAL environments are invoked from the same NATURAL modul e. For example, the FUSER is used if the same NATURAL module is used for both the TEST and PROD environments. Separate STNLIB statement s for the same I ibrary name in different environments are distinguishable by use of the LIBFUSR parameter.

The value assigned to the LIBFUSR parameter should be a file-alias defined in an STNFILE statement.

Valid Values: a file-alias defined in an STNFILE statement or null (")

Default Value: null (")
Assigned By: STNLIB only

# LT

A library-level override for the LT NATPARM (the maximum limit on records that may be read in a processing loop). A value of 0 (zero) indicates that no override is to take place, and the default from the installation NATPARM settings or the dynamic NATPARM settings will be used.

Valid Values: 0 through 2147483647

Default Value: 0

Assigned By: STNLIB only

# **MADIO**

A library-level override for the MADIO NATPARM (the limit on ADABAS calls to be made between screen I/Os). A val ue of 0 (zero) indicates that no override is to take place, and the default from the installation NATPARM settings or the dynamic NATPARM settings will be used.

Valid Values: 0, 30 through 32767

Default Value: 0

Assigned By: STNLIB only

# **MAXCL**

A library-level override for the MAXCL NATPARM (the limit on program calls to be made between screen I/Os). A val ue of 0 (zero) indicates that no override is to take place, and the default from the installation NATPARM settings or the dynamic NATPARM settings will be used.

Valid Values: 0, 10 through 32767

Default Value: 0

Assigned By: STNLIB only

#### MODE

A library-level override for the SM NATPARM (structured mode/report mode).

STRUCT The user is put in structured mode.

REPORT The user is put in report mode.

Valid Values: STRUCT or REPORT

Default Value: REPORT Assigned By: STNLIB only

#### ΜT

A library-level override for the MT NATPARM (the maximum CPU time limit). A value of 0 (zero) indicates that no override is to take place, and the default from the installation NATPARM settings or the dynamic NATPARM settings will be used.

Valid Values: 0 to 86399

Default Value:

Assigned By: STNLIB only

#### **PGMCHK**

The level of security to be activated when a user attempts to read, save, catalog, or execute a program in this library.

<u>DORMANT</u> SECURITRE will not make any security checks and will permit

the user to complete the action that triggered the security

request.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and permit the user to complete the action that

triggered the security request.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and will prevent any unauthorized access to the

program in this library.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: FAIL

Assigned By: STNLIB only

# **PGMTYPE**

The types of NATURAL objects to be checked for Program Execution Security.

ALL Check all NATURAL obj ects. ALL may not be used i n

combination with any other type.

PROG Check all NATURAL programs.

HELP Check all NATURAL help routines.

SUBP Check all NATURAL subprograms.

SUBR Check all NATURAL subroutines.

MAP Check all NATURAL maps.

Valid Values: ALL or any combination of PROG, HELP, SUBP, SUBR,

and/or MAP

Default Value: ALL

Assigned By: STNLIB only

#### **PGMWRT**

Sets the NATURAL parameter SAVECD when a I ogon is accepted, which specifies whether or not NATURAL obj ects may be written or deleted. This parameter is ignored if PGWRTCK is FAIL for this library.

YES Sets SAVECD=ON. The user may write and delete NATURAL

objects while logged on to this library.

NO Sets SAVECD=OFF. The NATURAL obj ects may not be

written or deleted while a user is logged on to this library.

Note that unless USRMODE is set to NO, PGMW RT may be overridden if the user enters the UPDATE or SAVECD commands.

Valid Values: YES or NO Default Value: YES

Assigned By: STNLIB only

#### PGWRTCK

The level of security for checking at logon time whether the user may SAVE, CAT, STOW, or PURGE programs in this library.

DORMANT SECURITRE will not check to see whether the user is allowed

to SAVE, CAT, STOW, or PURGE programs while logged on to this library. However, the PGMWRT parameter will be used

to determine this capability.

WARN SECURITRE will make a security check to see whether the

user is allowed to SAVE, CAT, STOW, or PURGE programs while logged on to thi s library. However, the PGMW RT

parameter will be used to determine this capability.

FAIL SECURITRE will make a security check to see whether the

user is allowed to SAVE, CAT, STOW, or PURGE programs while logged on to this library. Depending on the answer from the SSF, SECURITRE may or may not allow the user to perform these acti vities. The result of this program write

checking overrides the use of the PGMWRT parameter.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: DORMANT Assigned by: STNLIB only

#### **RDONLY**

Specifies whether or not a user may update an ADABAS file while logged on to this library.

YES Updates may not take pl ace (equivalent to i ssuing the

NATURAL UPDATE OFF command). A user will not be able

to update ADABAS data from this library.

NO Updates may take place (equivalent to issuing the NATURAL

UPDATE ON command). A user w ill be able to update

ADABAS data from this library.

Note that unless USRMODE is set to NO, RDONLY may be overri dden if the user enters the NATURAL UPDATE or SAVECD commands.

Valid Values: YES or NO

Default Value: NO

Assigned By: STNLIB only

**RUNCHK** The level of security to be activated for RUN Security in this library.

DORMANT SECURITRE will not m ake any se curity checks, but it will

permit the user to execute the RUN.

WARN SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and permit the user to execute the RUN.

FAIL SECURITRE will make security checks, cause the SSF to log

any violations, and prevent any unauthorized executions of the

RUN.

Valid Values: DORMANT, WARN, or FAIL

Default Value: DORMANT Assigned By: STNLIB only

**STARTUP** The default \*STARTUP for this library. The STRLOGON front-end to the

LOGON process must be used in order for this parameter to be processed.

Valid Values: a NATURAL program name

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STNLIB only

STEPLIB The name of a library where NATURAL can attempt to locate executable

programs when they are not found in the current library while the user is logged on to this library. When a null value is specified, the default value specified in

the STNPARM STEPLIB parameter will be used.

Valid Values: any string up to eight characters or null (")

Default Value: null (")

Assigned By: STNPARM and STNLIB

	Function	Valid Values	Default Values
Step1	Specifies the first alternate library where NATURAL can obtain programs while the user is logged on to this library	any value up to 8 characters or null (")	no default value
Steps 2-8	Specify the second through the eighth alternate libraries where NATURAL can obtain programs while the user is logged on to these libraries	any value up to 8 characters or null (")	no default values

Note: All STEPLIB and STEP1/8 definitions have no effect, if LGNMODE=DORMANT is defined in the STNPARM definitions!

## **TYPE**

Specifies whether or not SECURITRE should check security when a user logs on to this library.

PRIV SECURITRE will send an authoriz ation request to the SSF

when anyone attempts to logon to this library.

PUB No security checking will take place. Anyone may logon to this

library.

The TYPE parameter can be used to override the LGNMODE parameter for particular libraries. If LGNM ODE is set to FAIL or W ARN, individual libraries that have TYPE=PUB will not cause a secur ity check for LOGON Security. However, if LGNMODE is set to DORMANT, setting a library as TYPE=PRIV will not cause SECURITRE to check LOGONs to that library.

Valid Values: PRIV or PUB

Default Value: PRIV

Assigned By: STNLIB only

#### USRMODE

Specifies whether NATURAL system commands may be executed from this library.

YES Commands may be issued from this library (equivalent to the

NATURAL command NC=OFF).

NO Commands may not be i ssued from this library (equivalent to

the NATURAL command NC=ON).

Valid Values: YES or NO
Default Value: YES
Assigned By: STNLIB only

# **XREF**

Specifies whether the PREDICT XREF f eature is to be used while the user is logged on to this library.

OFF No PREDICT Cross-Reference activity is performed.

ON PREDICT Cross Reference is active.

Valid Values: OFF or ON Default Value: OFF

Assigned By: STNLIB only

# III.6 STNFILE Statement

The SECURITRE file parameters are used to specify an alias to be used when referring to a file. The syntax for the file parameter is:

STNFILE file-alias, DBID=nnnnn, FNR=nnnnn

STNFILE Parameter	Function	Valid Values	xDefault Value
ALIAS	The name to be used in the DSN that refer to specific files. For example: the NSI DSNs.	any value up to 8 characters	none
DBID	Specifies the DBID for this file	a valid DBID	no default value
FNR	Specifies the file number for this file	a valid file number for the above DBID	no default value

Figure 5 - STNFILE Parameters

# III.7 STNFILE Parameters

ALIAS Function.

Valid Values: any string up to 8 characters

Default Value: none

Assigned By: STNFILE only

**DBID** The database for this Database-ID/file number combination. Use of this

parameter is meaningless without an associated FNR parameter.

Valid Values:a valid Database-IDDefault Value:no default valueAssigned By:STNFILE only

**FNR** The file number for this Database-ID/file number combination. Use of

this parameter is meaningless without an associated DBID parameter.

Valid Values: a valid file number Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STNFILE only

# III.8 STNDDM Statement

The SECURITRE DDM parameters are used to specify unique qualities about each DDM. The syntax for the DDM parameters is

STNDDM DDM-name,[keyword-parameter=value,]...

A default set of DDM parameters may be specified by using \*DEFAULT as the DDM name. If \*DEFAULT is used, it must appear as the first STNDDM. If no \*DEFAULT i s provided, SECURITRE will generate one.

The name to be included in the DSN will always be taken from a STNDDM statement. If a STNDDM statement has <u>not</u> been specified for a particular DDM, SECURITRE will take the name from the STNDDM \*DEFAULT statement.

Information about each of the valid keyword parameters follows.

STNDDM Parameter	Function	Valid values	Default value
ALIAS	Specifies an alternate name to be used for SSF requests for this DDM	any value up to 17 characters	no default value
DDMNAME	Indicates whether the full DDM name or the DDM alias should be used in the DSN	YES or NO	YES
TYPE	Specifies whether SECURITRE should check security for this DDM	PRIV or PUB	PRIV

Figure 6 - STNDDM Parameters

## III.9 STNDDM Parameters

#### **ALIAS**

The name SECURITRE should use when authorization requests are made to the SSF for this DDM. The purpose of an alias name is to shorten the DDM name, so that SSF limitations on dataset name lengths are not exceeded.

Valid Values: any string up to 17 characters

Default Value: no default value Assigned By: STNDDM only

# DDMNAME

Indicates to SECURITRE whether or not the full DDM name or the DDM alias should be included in the DSN built for DDM security.

YES SECURITRE will include the full DDM name when building the

DSN for DDM security.

NO SECURITRE will use the ALIAS when building the DSN for DDM

security.

Valid Values: YES or NO Default Value: YES

Assigned By: STNDDM only

**TYPE** Indicates to SECURITRE whether or not security should be checked when a user attempts to access this DDM.

PRIV SECURITRE will send an authorization request to the SSF when

anyone attempts to access this DDM.

<u>PUB</u> No security checking will take place. Anyone m ay access this

DDM.

The TYPE parameter can be used to override the DDMMODE parameter for particular DDMs. For example, DDMMODE can be set to FAIL or W ARN, but security will <u>not</u> be checked for a DDM if the TYPE for that DDM is set to PUB. However, if DDMMODE is set to DORMANT, setting a particular DDM TYPE to PRIV will <u>not</u> cause SECURITRE to check access to that DDM.

Valid Values: PRIV or PUB

Default Value: PRIV

Assigned By: STNDDM only

# III.10 SECURITRE for NATURAL - Failed Authorization

This section describes the symptoms of a failed authorization request from the SSF for each of the different types of security provided by SECURITRE for NATURAL. In most cases, SECURITRE will replace the NATURAL error message text with the text "SECURITY VIOLATION DETECTED OR INVALID CIPHER CODE." The exceptions to this are:

• LOGON Security: the site specifies how a violation will be handled in STRLOGON.

• DDM Security: when activated within the "LIST FILE" or "LIST FILES" command the normal SYSLIS message will be returned.

## **NSI Security**

In TSO/BATCH, the user will be returned to the environment in use prior to attem pt to enter NATURAL. In batch, the step receives a return code 100.

In CICS, the user w ill receive a N ATURAL response code 9987 w ith the m essage "SECURITY VIOLATION DETECTED OR INVALID CIPHER CODE".

## **LOGON Security**

If STRLOGON is used as the LOGON program, and the LOGON request is failed, the failure will be handled by the STRLOGON program which is modifiable at the user site, and which will have been renam ed to LOGON and put in the SYSTEM library. The STRLOGON provided with SECURITRE displays a screen that allows the user to enter a different library to logon to.

If STRLOGON is not used, and a LOGON request is failed, the user will be returned to the library where the LOGON request was i ssued with a message saying the logon was successful.

## **PROGRAM Security**

# PROGRAM EXECUTE

If a user fails in a request to execute a program, a NAT3200 error code with the message "SECURITY VIOLATION DETECTED OR INVALID CIPHER CODE" will be generated.

# PROGRAM SOURCE READ

If a user fai Is in a request to read program source, a NAT0963 error code with the message "SECURITY VIOL ATION DURING PROGRAM EXECUTION" will be generated.

# PROGRAM SOURCE WRITE

If a user fair is in a request to write program source, a NAT3200 (ADABAS 200: SECURITY VIOLATION) will be generated.

# PROGRAM OBJECT WRITE

If a user fails in a request to write program object, a NAT3200 (ADABAS 200: SECURITY VIOLATION) will be generated.

# **RUN Security**

If a user fails in a request to RUN a NATURAL program, a NAT0963 error code with the message "SECURITY VIOLATION DURING PROGRAM EXECUTION" will be generated.

# **DDM Security**

If a user fai Is in a request to read a DDM from a "LIST FILE" request, a SYSLIS4125 message ("REQUESTED FILE DESCRIPTION NOT AVAILABLE") will be generated.

If a user fai Is in a request to access a DDM, a NAT0002 error code with the message "SECURITY VIOLATION DETECTED OR INVALID CIPHER CODE" will be generated.

# **PGWRTCK Security**

If a user is not authorized to SAVE/CAT/STOW/PURGE programs while logged on to a library and attempts to perform one of these functions, a NAT0106 error code with the message "SAVE/CA TALOG/STOW/PURGE/UNCATALOG/ SCRATCH not available" will be generated.

#### **Changing the Error Message**

The error message "SECURI TY VIOLATION DETECTED OR I NVALID CIPHER CODE" is obtained from the NATURAL system fi le. This message may be modi fied using the NATURAL SYSERR Utility to change message number 3200. For example, if the site has no ciphered files, a more appropriate message is "SECURITRE VIOLATION."

# III.11 NATURAL Utility Security

The following NATURAL Utilities will be checked for authorization if the STNPARM parameter NUMODE is WARN or FAIL:

<u>Utility</u>	NATU	JRAL	version
SYSDBA		al	1
SYSDDM		al	[
SYSERR		al	1
SYSMAIN		al	1
*BUS	2.2		or above
*ROUTINES		2.2	or above
SYSBPM		2.	2 or above
*SYSFILE		2.	2 or above
SYSNCP		2.2	or above
*SYSPROD		2.	2 or above
*SYSPROF		2.	2 or above
SYSTP	2.		2 or above
TEST	2.2		or above
NATLOAD		2.2	or above
NATUNLD		2.2	or above

<sup>\*</sup> Utilities are sub-functions of SYSDBA. They are included on this list since they may also be run outside of SYSDBA.

Section III - SECURITRE for NATURAL

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# **SECTION IV**

# **SECURITRE FOR ADABAS UTILITIES**

# IV.1 <u>Introduction to Utility Security</u>

SECURITRE ADABAS Utility Control secures ADABAS Utilities at the database, file, utility, and function levels. Before a user is allowed to execute a utility, SECURITRE generates a DSN containing a utility prefix and any or all of the following: the file alias, the utility name, and the utility function. SECURITRE then sends a request to the SSF to check if the user may access the DSN.

SECURITRE Utility Security will check all ADABAS utility functions for up to 65535 files per utility run. It will also check for ADADBS OPERCOM sub-functions. This section lists these functions and sub-functions and how they will appear in the DSN generated by SECURITRE.

## **Utility Security Parameters**

The Utility Security parameters include UTMODE, UTORDER, and UTPREF. All of these are defined in the STRDEF statement.

# IV.2 ADABAS Utility Control

The following list of ADABAS Utilities indicates the items that may appear as part of a SECURITRE DSN for each utility. The presence of any component listed below is dependent on whether that component was specified in the UTORDER parameter in the STRPARMS, and whether or not that value is appropriate for the requested utility.

ADABAS		FUNCTION	
UTILITY	FUNCTION	IN DSN	FILE
ADAACK ACCHECK	ACCHECK	OPT	<u></u>
ADACMP COMPRESS	COMPRESS	OPT	
ADACHI COM REDD	DECOMPRESS	DECOMPRE	OPT
ADACDC		NONE	
ADACNV	CONVERT REVERT	CONVERT REVERT	
ADADBS ADD	ADD ALLOCATE CHANGE CVOLSER DEALLOCATE DECREASE DELCP DELETE DSREUSE INCREASE ISNREUSE MODFCB NEWALTS NEWFIELD OPERCOM* PRIORITY RECOVER REFRESH RELEASE RENAME RENUMBER RESETDIB REUSELSN UNCOUPLE	NONE ALLOCATE CHANGE CVOLSER DEALLOCA DECREASE DELCP DELETE DSREUSE INCREASE ISNREUSE MODFCB NEWALTS NEWFIELD OPER PRIORITY RECOVER REFRESH RELEASE RENAME RENUMBER RESETDIB REUSEDS REUSEISN UNCOUPLE	REQD REQD NONE REQD NONE REQD REQD NONE REQD REQD NONE REQD NONE REQD OPT NONE REQD REQD REQD REQD REQD REQD REQD REQ
ADADCK DSCHECK	DSCHECK	OPT	REQD
ADADEF DEFINE	DEFINE	NONE	
ADADEL DELINE	NEWWORK	NEWWORK	NONE
			NONE
		27027	
ADAFRM ASSOFRM	ASSOFRM	NONE	
	ASSORESET	ASSORESE	NONE
	CLOGFRM	CLOGFRM	NONE
	DATAFRM	DATAFRM	NONE
	DATARESET	DATARESE	NONE
	DSIMFRM	DSIMFRM	NONE
	DSIMRESET	DSIMRESE	NONE
	PLOGFRM	PLOGFRM	NONE
	RLOGFRM	RLOGFRM	NONE
	SORTFRM	SORTFRM	NONE
	TEMPFRM	TEMPFRM	NONE
	WORKFRM	WORKFRM	NONE
	WORKRESET	WORKRESE	NONE

**Note:** There are many sub-functions associated with OPERCOM. The Security Administrator may want to restrict access to some of them. Therefore, at the function level, OPERCOM rules will be generated as OPER.\*, where \*r epresents a sub-function from Figure 8 – Sub-function Table for ADABAS V5 OPERCOM Utility.

Figure 7 – Function Table for ADABAS Utilities

(continued on next page)

# (continued from previous page)

ADAB/	_	<u>FUNCTION</u>	FUNCTION <u>IN DSN</u>	<u>FILE</u>
ADAICK	ACCHECK	ACCHECK ASSOPRINT BATCH DATAPRINT DSCHECK DUMP FCBPRINT FDTPRINT GCBPRINT ICHECK INT NIPRINT NOBATCH NODUMP NOINT RECORD	OPT ASSOPRIN BATCH DATAPRIN DSCHECK DUMP FCBPRINT FDTPRINT GCBPRINT ICHECK INT NIPRINT NOBATCH NODUMP NOINT RECORD	NONE NONE OPT NONE OPT NONE OPT NONE OPT NONE OPT NONE NONE NONE
ADAINV	COUPLE	UIPRINT  COUPLE INVERT RELEASE UNCOUPLE	UIPRINT  REQD INVERT RELEASE UNCOUPLE	OPT REQD REQD REQD
ADALOD	ASSODEV	ASSODEV LOAD UPDATE	REQD LOAD UPDATE	REQD REQD
ADAMER			NONE	
ADANUC			NONE	
ADAORD	REDB	REDB REF REORASSO REORDATA REORDB REORFASSO REORFDATA REORFILE RESTRUCTUREDB** RESTRUCTUREF** STORE	OPT REF REORASSO REORDATA REORDB REORFASS REORFDAT REORFILE RESTRUCT** RESTRUCT**	REQD OPT OPT OPT REQD REQD OPT REQD OPT
ADAORI			OPT	
ADAPLP	PLOGPRI	PLOGPRI SPLOGPRI WORKPRI	OPT SPLOGPRI WORKPRI	OPT OPT
ADAPRI	ASSOPRI	ASSOPRI CLOGPRI DATAPRI DSIMPRI PLOGPRI RLOGPRI SORTPRI TEMPPRI WORKPRI	NONE CLOGPRI DATAPRI DSIMPRI PLOGPRI RLOGRI SORTPRI TEMPPRI WORKPRI	NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE

Figure 7 – Function Table for ADABAS Utilities (continued on next page)

(continued from previous page)

ADABAS <u>UTILITY</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>	FUNCTION IN DSN	<u>FILE</u>
ADARAI CHKDB	CHKDB DISABLE LIST PREPARE RECOVER REMOVE	NONE DISABLE LIST PREPARE RECOVER REMOVE	NONE NONE NONE OPT NONE
ADAREF AMIRROR	AMIRROR DMIRROR DUPLICATE NOMIRROR WMIRROR	NONE DMIRROR DUPLICATE NOMIRROR WMIRROR	NONE NONE NONE NONE OPT
ADAREP REPORT	REPORT	OPT	OPT
ADARES BACKOUT	BACKOUT CLCOPY COPY PLCOPY REGENERATE REPAIR	OPT CLCOPY COPY PLCOPY REGENERA REPAIR	NONE NONE NONE OPT
ADASAV DUMP	DUMP MERGE RESTONL RESTORE RESTPLOG SAVE	OPT MERGE RESTONL RESTORE RESTPLOG SAVE	OPT OPT OPT OPT
ADASCR CHANGE	CHANGE DELETE INSERT PARMDEF PFIELDS PFILES PPW PROTECT REMOVE SBYVALUE	NONE DELETE INSERT PARMDEF PFIELDS PFILES PPW PROTECT REMOVE SBYVALUE	NONE REQD NONE REQD NONE REQD NONE REQD RONE REQD
ADASEL END	END SELECT	NONE SELECT	OPT
ADAULD UNLOAD	UNLOAD	REQD	REQD
ADAVAL VALIDATE	VALIDATE	REQD	
ADAZAP		NONE	

**Note:** Since function names are s hortened to 8 c haracters, the ADAORD functions RESTRUCTUREDB and R ESTRUCTUREF will result in the same rule element (RESTRUCT). If rules are being generated to include functions for ADAORD, and it is necessary to distinguish between RESTRUCTUREDB and RESTRUCTUREF, it is recommended that the DSNs be generated for the ADABAS-supplied aliases REDB (for RESTRUCTUREDB) and R EF (for RESTRUCTUREF). SECURITRE will recognize both the functions through their aliases.

Figure 7 - Function Table for ADABAS Utilities

A sub-function may or may not be associated with a file for the OPERCOM Utility. Where a file is required, the file name from the STRDEF or STRFNR parameters will be included as part of the DSN.

SUB-FUNCTION	FILE <u>Y/N</u>	SUB- FUNCTION	FILE <u>Y/N</u>	SUB-FUNCTION	FILE <u>Y/N</u>
ADAEND	N	DUUQE	N	NOLOGRB	Ν
CANCEL	N	FEOFCL	N	NOLOGSB	Ν
DAUQ	N	FEOFPL	N	NOLOGVB	N
DCQ	N	HALT	N	RDUMPST	N
DDIB	N	LOCKF	Υ	READONLY	N
DFILES	Υ	LOCKU	Υ	REVIEWHUBID**	N
DFILUSE	Υ	LOCKX	Υ	STOPF	Υ
DHQA	N	LOGGING	N	STOPI	N
DLOCKF	N	LOGCB	N	STOPU	N
DNC	N	LOGFB	N	SYNCC	N
DNH	N	LOGIB	N	TNAA	N
DNU	N	LOGIO	N	TNAE	N
DPARM	N	LOGRB	N	TNAX	N
DRES	N	LOGSB	N	TT	N
DSTAT	N	LOGVB	N	UNLOCKF	Υ
DTH	N	NOLOGGING*	N	UNLOCKU	Υ
DUMP	N	NOLOGCB	N	UNLOCKX	Υ
DUQ	N	NOLOGFB	N	UTIONLY	N
DUQA	N	NOLOGIB	N		
DUQE	N	NOLOGIO	N		

<sup>\*</sup> NOLOGGING will be shortened to NOLOGGIN in the DSN.

Figure 8 – Sub-Function Table for ADABAS V5 OPERCOM Utility

<sup>\*\*</sup> REVIEWHUBID will be shortened to REVIEWHU in the DSN.

# IV.3 <u>Utility Security Error Messages</u>

In the event that SECURITRE abends an ADABAS Utility run, a message will be printed showing the reason for the ABEND. The messages printed by SECURITRE are listed below along with the possible cause of the ABEND.

# ABEND ERROR MESSAGE PRINTED AND EXPLANATION

## CODE 020

#### DBID REQUIRED FOR UTILITY EXECUTION

In order to allow SECURITRE utility control functions to operate, a DBID must be specified in the start-up parameters.

#### 035 UNABLE TO OPEN DDKARTE

SECURITRE utility control was unable to open the DDKARTE dataset.

# 040 VALID UTILITY FUNCTION NOT FOUND

SECURITRE utility control detected a utility function that does not appear to be valid. C heck the ADARUN cards to see that all utility functions have been specified correctly.

#### 050 INTERNAL ERROR ON DDCARD DATA

SECURITRE utility control detected an internal error in the DDCARD data. Check the DDCARD dataset.

# 055 PARM CARD ERROR ON DDCARD

SECURITRE detected an error in the ADARUN parameter cards that were submitted.

#### 056 CARD MUST START WITH ADARUN

SECURITRE detected that a utility job card d id not contain the ADARUN keyword.

# 060 INVALID DATABASE SPECIFIED

The database specified in the ADARUN cards is not a valid ADABAS database.

#### 150 PARM CARD ERROR ON DDKARTE

SECURITRE detected an error in the ADARUN DDKARTE cards.

#### 151 CARD MUST START WITH UTILITY NAME

SECURITRE could not find the utility name in the ADARUN card being processed. Check the ADARUN cards for errors.

# 155 UTILITY NOT THE SAME AS SPECIFIED WITHIN DDCARD

The DDKARTE and DDCARD information in the ADARUN parameters does not match. Verify that the correct utility is listed on both the DDCARD and DDKARTE.

# 165 INTERNAL ERROR ON DDKARTE DATA

SECURITRE utility control detected an internal error in the DDCARD data. Check the DDCARD dataset.

#### 170 NO VALID UTILITY FUNCTION DETECTED

The ADARUN card being processed did not specify a valid utility function. Examine the cards for correctness.

#### 175 FILE NUMBER IS REQUIRED FOR THIS UTILITY FUNCTION

The ADARUN cards di d not specify which file a ut ility is operating against. Check the cards for completeness.

#### 180 INVALID UTILITY FUNCTION DETECTED

The ADARUN cards contained an invalid utility function. Verify that the cards are correct.

## 190 INVALID FILE NUMBER SPECIFIED

The ADARUN cards specified an invalid file number. Verify that the cards are correct.

#### 300 SECURITRE HAS EXPIRED

SECURITRE requires a new expiration date. If the new expiration date zap has not been received, contact TSI.

# 301 SECURITRE GETMAIN FAILURE OCCURRED FOR RACF, 512 MORE BYTES NEEDED

SECURITRE was unable to GETMAIN the needed memory. Increase the region size by at least 512 bytes.

# 303 SECURITRE COULD NOT LOCATE THE FILE DEFAULTS (STRPARM)

Ensure that the STRPARM module is available and accessible to SECURITRE.

# 304 SECURITRE DETECTED INVALID FILE DEFAULTS (STRPARM)

Verify the parameters specified for SECURITRE to ensure that they are coded correctly.

# 305 SECURITRE DETECTED INVALID FILE DEFAULTS (STRPARM). BAD COND

Verify the parameters specified for SECURITRE to ensure that they are coded correctly.

# 400 INTERNAL ERROR DETECTED

SECURITRE detected an internal error. Contact TSI.

# 913 NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS UTILITY FUNCTION FOR THIS DATABASE AND FILE SECURITRE WILL ABEND THIS UTILITY

The SSF reported to SECURITRE that the user in question could not execute the requested utility function on the selected database and file. Therefore, the utility job was ABENDed.



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# **SECTION V**

# **REAL-TIME MONITOR**

# V.1 Introduction to the Real-Time Monitor (RTM)

The SECURITRE Real-time Monitor (RTM) provides an on- line view of the current SECURITRE status on any applicable database. With the RTM, the Security Administrator may:

- Display and make modifications to internal SECURITRE tables to keep SECURITRE synchronized with current RACF/ACF2/TOP-SECRET rules.
- Display and modify (reload) certain SECURITRE parameters.
- Reload certain user-exits.
- Start or stop the SECURITRE Trace Facility or modify what is being traced.

# V.2 RTM Screen Navigation

Real-Time Monitor (RTM) screen navi gation is accomplished through PF-Keys and with screen names. PF1 is always used for the "Help" function. PF3 always means to return to the menu.

The ENTER key is used to execute the selected function on the indicated DBID.

PF12 can be configured so that it performs a NATURAL STOP or a TERMINATE through the use of the "TERM" parameter in the STRDEF statement. STOP will take the user out of the RTM, while remaining in NATURAL. TERMINATE will take the user out of NATURAL, in effect preventing the user from performing other functions within NATURAL.

The screen name is displayed at the bottom right of most screens. The screen name can be entered on the di rect command line of each scr een to transfer control from one screen to another. Pressi ng ENTER causes the scr een transfer to take pl ace and the RTM immediately displays the new screen.

For example, while on the Display SECURITRE Parms "PARM" screen, one may immediately transfer control to the Reload SECURITRE Parms "RPRM" screen by ent ering "RPRM" on the direct command line and pressing ENTER. A list of the available RTM modules/screen names is provided on the following page.

# V.3 RTM Screen Names

RTM programs are executable by entering the screen name in the Screen-ID field at the top of the screen. While many NATURAL modules make up the RTM, only the following modules are directly executable by entering the valid name in the Screen-ID field:

SCREEN FUNCTION
Main Menu
Force One User From the Tables
Force All Users From the Tables
Display SECURITRE parms
Reload User-Exit(s)
Reload SECURITRE parms
SECURITRE Trace Facility
Invoke the TRIM Real-Time Monitor (if installed)
Display SECURITRE/NATURAL parms
Display Current Table Sizes
Terminate the Real-time Monitor

Figure 9 - RTM Screen Names

# V.4 RTM Security

The RTM functions are secured by SECURI TRE. Some of the functions described in the next section may not be available to all users. The security administrator defines what functions each user can access via SSF rules. If a function is not available, a rule must be changed/added to the SSF before access will be granted by SECURITRE. Refer to **Section V.2 – RTM Security** in the SECURITRE Administrator Manual for more information on RTM security.

# V.5 RTM Screen Functions

Although others may use the RTM, for illustration purposes assume that the Security Administrator is the user.

Standard procedures at the user's site are used to first invoke NATURAL. Then the Security Administrator logs onto "STRLIB" or whichever library the RTM was installed onto and executes the "MENU" Program.

LOGON STRLIB MENU

The following screen is displayed:

SSSSSS													
SS	SS	EEEEEEE											
SSS EE							SECURITRE IS A PRODUCT OF					UCT OF	
SS		EE	CCCCCC					TREEHOUSE SOFTWARE, INC.					INC.
SS EEEEEEE CC				SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA						ANIA			
SS	SS	EE	CC	UU	UU			UNITED STATES OF AMERICA					
SSSSS	SSS	EE	CC	UU	UU								
	EEEEEEE CC U		UU	UU	RRR	RRRR	(C) COPYRIGHT 1990-2010			2010			
			CC	UU	UU	RR	RR						
			CCCCCC	UU	UU	RR	RR	IIIII	II				
				UU	UU	RRR	RRRR	II					
			זטטט	UUUU	RR	RR	II						
						RR	RR	II	TTT	TTTT			
Tree	ehou	se Softwa	re, Inc.			RR	RR	II		TT			
2605 NI		CHOLSON R	OAD					II		TT	RRR	RRRR	
SUIT	re 2	30						IIIII	II	TT	RR	RR	
Sewickley, PA 15143								TT	RR	RR	EEEEEEE		
1-724-759-7070									TT	RRF	RRRR	EE	
										TT	RR	RR	EE
											RR	RR	EEEEEEE
											RR	RR	EE
													EE
PRES	PRESS ENTER TO PROCEED												EEEEEEE

The "Authorized" line on this screen may authorize use:

- For limited trial
- By licensee only
- By a particular licensee, by name

If SECURITRE detects a problem communicating with its User-Exit-11, the screen below is displayed and describes the probable causes of the failure and the possible corrective actions.

07/01/10 TSI01 SECURITRE RTM COMMUNICATION FAILURE 11:38:00 STRLTB DBID : 0 The RTM was unable to establish communication with the DBID specified. Probable causes: 1. The SECURITRE User-Exit-11 was not installed on the database in question. 2. The database was not active. 3. The request contained an unrecoverable syntax error. The following actions are available: 1. Supply a new value for DBID and press ENTER. 2. Press PF3 to terminate RTM session.

To attempt to examine another database, the Security Administrator must input the new DBID number and press ENTER. To exit the SECURITRE RTM, the Security Administrator would press PF3.

In some cases, this screen will list a "probable cause" (e.g., "UEX11 installed, UEX4 not installed"). One common message is "REASON UNKNOWN, usually ADABAS RESPONSE: 0" indicates that SECURITRE cannot find a User-ID for this user or that the user does not have RTM security. If there is no default DBID specified in the module MENU, the default DBID will be the same as the database where the FUSER is located (shown by the SYSPROF command). If SECURITRE's User-Exit-11 is not installed on the default database, the user will have to enter a different DBID on the screen.

Once ENTER is pressed, the following Main Menu screen is displayed:

,,	RITRE VERSION V.R.	S TSI01 STRLIB					
Code	Function						
 A	Force one user from table (	 EDC1)					
B	,	FRC1) FRCA)					
c		PARM)					
D	1 1	REXT)					
E	Reload SECURITRE parms (RPRM)	,					
F	<u> </u>	TRAC)					
G	Invoke the TRIM RTM	TRIM)					
Н	Display SECURITRE/NAT parms (1	NPRM)					
I	'	TBLS)					
•	Exit Real-time Monitor (STOP)						
Code: _ DBID :	1000 TEST-DB						
Direct Command:		MENU					
Enter-PF1PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12							
HELP MENU		EXIT					

The date and time are displayed at the top I eft of every screen. The User-ID and current library are displayed at the top right of every screen. The screen name appears at the bottom right of most screens.

PF1 will always display help for the current screen.

PF3 will always return to this menu screen.

On most screens, the Security Administrator may press PF12 to discontinue monitoring.

# V.5.1 Force One User from the Table

SECURITRE provides the ability to perform synchronization with the SSF at timed intervals as specified in the "STRPARM" modul e. For more information about FORCE, PURINTT, PURINTV parameters, refer to **Section II.3 – STRDEF Parameters**. The synchroni zation allows SECURITRE to adjust to any changes in a user's security rules within the SSF in a reasonable period of time. Using the RTM function "FRC1", the Security Administrator can force a user from the SECURITRE internal tables causing an immediate synchronization between SECURITRE and the SSF for the specified user.

To force a particular user from the SECURITRE internal tables, enter the appropriate SSF User-ID on the following screen:

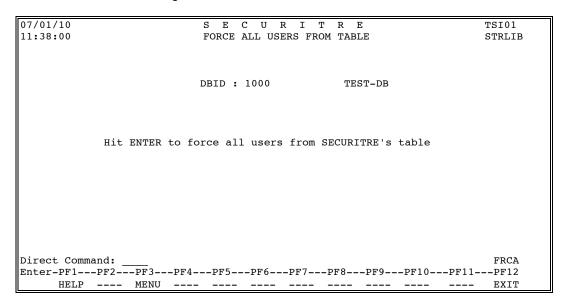
07/01/			TSI01
11:38:	00		STRLIB
		DBID: 1000 GENERAL-DB	
		USERID to be Purged : DAVE1234	
		GROUPID :	
	Hit	ENTER to purge the USERID within the GROUPID entered	
		PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11-	
	HELP	MENU	EXIT

The SECURITRE table entry for User-ID "DAVE1234" will be rem oved when ENTER is pressed. The next ADABAS access by "DAVE1234" will result in SECURITRE retrieving the current access information for DAVE1234 for that file from the SSF on the user's next call to ADABAS.

# V.5.2 Force All Users from the Table

When changes are made to SSF rul es affecting hundreds of users, removing the individual users from the SECURITRE internal tables might be time-consuming or error-prone. For this reason, SECURITRE makes it possible to use the RTM to remove all users from the internal tables. This ensures that any changes in SSF rules will be synchronized with SECURITRE actions.

To remove all the users from the SECURITRE internal tables, enter the appropriate Database-ID on the following screen:



In the example above, all users will be forced from the tables maintained by SECURITRE in its User-Exit-1 on DBID number 1000, the "PAYROLL-DATABASE" database.

#### V.5.3 <u>Display SECURITRE Parameters</u>

The Security Administrator may wish to determine if SECURITRE has been configured as desired.

In order to display the ST RDEF parameters in effect for database 202, the Security Administrator would enter "202" in the DBID field on the following screen:

Once ENTER is pressed, the STRDEF parameters active on database 202 are displayed as shown on the following screen:

```
07/01/10
                  PARM
                                                                                                     TSI01
11:38:00
                                      DISPLAY STRDEF PARAMETERS
                                                                                                  STRLIB
                                                               File : 0
              DBID : 202
                                TEST-DB
        CLASS : DATASET
                                           PURINTT : 1
                                                                                USERID : TSIUEX1G
                                        PURINTY : 100
        CMDLOG : OFF
                                                                               USERID2 : TRIMV4-1
        DENORDR: FILE CMD DBID RACHECK: RACHECK

JOB NPGM RTMORDR: FUNC DBID

PROCCL: OFF

EXIALL: OFF
                                                                               USERS : 10
                                                                               UTMODE : WARN
UTPREF : UTPREF
                                                                                UTORDER : FILE UTIL
                                    PROCEX2 : OFF
SECURE : RACF
STREX1 :
        FLSDEL : DELETE
       FORMAT : NEW STREX2 :
LOGVIOL: FIRST STREX3 :
MODE : FAIL STRETM : ADABAS.STR
NOIDRED: ACCEPT TERM : S
NOIDUPD: ACCEPT TRACE : ON
N20PREF: CONTROL.N20 TRMRTM : ADABAS.TRM
PREFIX : TSI.SECURTRE UEXIT11 :
-PF1---PF2---PF2 TEC
        FORCE : 18
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
        HELP --- MENU --- --- --- ---
```

This display includes all STRDEF parameters in effect on database 202, except for those that control table size, which may be seen using the TBLS function. For example, it can be seen that SECURITRE will purge the SECURITRE internal tables at 6:00 p.m. (18:00).

Several STRDEF parameters may be overridden at the file level. For example, file 1 may have been set to DORMANT mode in one of the STRFNR statements.

To see the STRFNR overrides, the Security Administrator would enter "1" in the FNR field on the "PARM" screen, as shown on the following screen:

```
DBID: 202
FNR: 1

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
HELP ---- MENU ---- ---- EXIT
```

When ENTER is pressed, the STRFNR overri de parameters in effect for database 202, fi le number 1 will be displayed as shown on the following screen:

```
07/01/10
                          S E C U R I T R E
                                                                   TSI01
                        DISPLAY STRFNR PARAMETERS
11:38:00
                                                                  STRLIB
                    DBID : 202
                                      TEST-DB
                    FILE : 1
                    DELIM : .
                  DSNORDR : FILE
                   FLSDEL : DELETE
                  FLSMODE : DORMANT
                  LOGVIOL : FIRST
                     MODE : DORMANT
                     NAME : FILE1
                  NOIDRED : REJECT
                  NOIDUPD : REJECT
        PREFIX / QUALIFIER : STR411.D202F001.
                  PROCEX2 : OFF
                    TRACE : ON
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
     HELP --- MENU --- --- EXIT
```

All of the displayed STRFNR parameters, with the exception of PREFIX / QUALIFIER, may be updated by typing the new values over the existing values and hitting ENTER. To avoid updating these values, press PF 3. If updated, the new values will be in effect until the parameters are reloaded using RPRM or until the database is brought down.

If FILEMAX=NEW is specified and the file number entered in the FILE field does not have an STRFNR definition in the 'STRPARMS', the following window will be displayed.

FILE 1 DOES NOT HAVE AN STRFNR ENTRY SPECIFIED IN THE SECURITRE ADABAS FILE PARAMETERS. ANY CHANGES TO THIS INFORMATION WILL AFFECT ALL FILES ON THIS DATABASE WITHOUT AN STRFNR ENTRY.

CONTINUE EDITING? (Y/N)

This indicates that the default parameters defined by STRDEF are in effect for this file. Entering 'N' at this prompt will allow the user to view the parameters, but they may not change them. The m essage '\*\*\* BROW SE MODE \*\*\* DEFAULT PARAM ETERS DISPLAYED' is displayed at the bottom of the screen to indicate that editing is not allowed.

Entering 'Y' at this prom pt will allow the user to change all of the param eters except the NAME and PREFIX/QUALIFIER fields. The message '\*\*\*EDIT M ODE\*\*\* DEFAULT PARAMETERS DISPLAYED' is displayed at the bottom of the screen to indicate that editing is allowed.

**Note:** Changes to the default parameters will affect **ALL** files that do not have an STRFNR specification in the 'STRPARMS'.

# V.5.4 Reload User-Exits

When changes are made to a particular SECURITRE User-Exit or to another User-Exit-11 in effect for a particular database, the Security Administrator may reload these exits using the RTM.

Assume that TRIM's User-Exit-11 is specified in the UEXIT11 parameter of STRDEF in the "STRPARMS" (refer to Section II.3 STRDEF Pa rameters). If the database adm inistrator applies a zap supplied by TSI to Securi tre's User-Exit-11 parameter, the database would normally have to be bounced to load the new user edit. However, this can be done while the database is up using the SECURITRE RTM. This is accomplished by entering "REXT" or pressing "D" on the Main Menu, then entering the appropriate DBID and the letter "E" for the number of the exit to be reloaded on the following screen:

07/01/10 11:38:00			C U R I T R E AD USER EXITS	TSI01 STRLIB
D	BID : 20	2 TEST	-DB	
		STRDEF Value	Description	
-	A	STREX1	Reload STREX1 Module	
	В	STREX2	Reload STREX2 Module	
	С	STREX3	Reload STREX3 Module	
	D	STREX4	Reload STREX4 Module (N/A)	
	E	UEXIT11	Reload UEXIT11 Module	
	•	Exit	Return to Main Menu	
-				ļ
Code : _				
Direct Command: REXT				
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12				
HELP MENU				

When ENTER is pressed, SECURITRE will rel oad the update User-Exit-11. In the exam ple above, Securitre's User-Exit-11 with the new zap will be re-loaded. The follow ing modules can be reloaded dynamically using the SECURITRE RTM 'REXT' function:

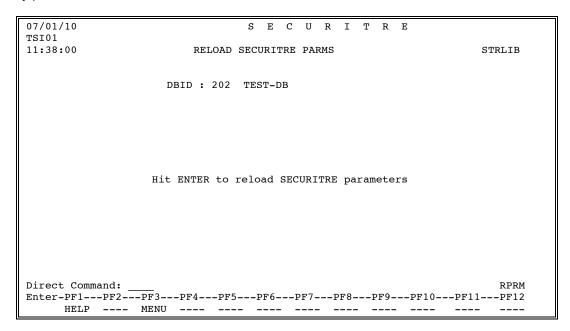
STRDEF	Description
Parameter	
STREX1	The module defined as SECURI TRE's User-Exit-11. This is not the STRUEX11 module.
STREX2	The module defined as SECURITRE's User-Exit-2.
STREX3	The module defined as SECURITRE's User-Exit-3.
STREX4	The module defined as SECURITRE's User-Exit-4.
UEXIT11	The module defined as the second ADABAS User-Exit-11 to call after SECURITRE has finished processing the command.

For more information on the STRDEF param eters STREX1, STREX2, STREX3, STREX4, and UEXIT11, refer to **Section II.3 - STRDEF Parameters**.

# V.5.5 Reload SECURITRE Parameters

To refresh the SECURITRE parameters for a part icular database without bringing the database down and up, the Securi ty Administrator would prepare a modi fied STRPARM module and reload the SECURITRE parameters by entering "RPRM" or pressing "E" on the Main Menu.

To reload the parameters, the DBID must be entered on the following screen and the ENTER key pressed.



Once ENTER is pressed, SECURITRE will rel oad its parameter settings for the specified database. This can be verified by re-displaying the parameters for that database.

After the reload parameter processing, SECURITRE will use the new parameter settings to control access to the gi ven database. The following individual parameter settings are **not** adjusted by a reload of the SECURITRE "STRPARM" module:

DSNPOOL This parameter control s the size of the DSN table e to be

GETMAINed by SECURITRE. All GETMAIN requests are issued during startup only. Changes to the DSNPOOL parameter will become effective only after the database is

brought down and up.

FLSPOOL This parameter control s the size of the table used to

maintain CID information for Field Level Security processing. Changes to the FLSPO OL parameter will become effective

only after the database is brought down and up.

USRPOOL This parameter control s the si ze of the user / DSN

relationship table to be GETMAINed by SECURITRE. All GETMAIN requests are issued during startup only. Changes to the USRPOOL parameter will become effective only after

the database is brought down and up.

USERS This parameter control s the size of the user table e to be

GETMAINED by SECURITRE. All GETMAIN requests are issued during startup only. Changes to the USER parameter will only become effective after the database is brought

down and up.

STREX1-4 User-Exits to SECURITRE are not re-loaded during a reload

of the SECURITRE parameters. To obtain a fresh copy of

the SECURITRE user-exits, use the "REXT" function.

UEXIT11 Other ADABAS User-Exi t-11 programs are not re-loaded

during a reload of the SECURITRE parameters. To obtain a fresh copy of another ADABAS User-Exit-11 program, use

the REXT function.

# V.5.6 Trace Facility

If a problem should develop with SECURITRE, TSI's support personnel will want to help the customer solve it as rapidly as possible. A Trace Facility has been implemented within SECURITRE to produce diagnostic trace messages that will enable TSI support personnel to more easily determine the source of the customer's problem.

The Trace Facility can significantly incr ease the overhead associ ated with ADABAS. Therefore, it is recommended that the Trace Facility should only be activated while testing SECURITRE or when a problem arises.

```
07/01/10
                                                                      TSI01
                             S E C U R I T R E
11:38:00
                             SECURITRE TRACE FACILITY
                                                                      STRT.TB
                     DBID: 202 TEST-DB
       TRACE : ____
                             (YES to activate trace points marked with 'X'
                            NO to de-activate trace)
                                        _ File information obtained (2)
  _ User-Exit-11 Entry (1)
                                      _ ___ Information obtain

_ User-Exit-11 Exit (4)

User table
  _ User-Exit-11 Entry (1)
_ USERID obtained (3)
_ User table Reorg start (5)
_ User Table lookup (7)
                                          User table Reorg end (6)
                                       \overline{X} Entity name built (8)
  X SSF interface
  ______
    TRACE USERID: _____
                                          TRACE COMMANDS: __ _ _ _ _ _
    DD-NAME:
                                          SYSOUT-CLASS : __
Direct Command:
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
     HELP --- MENU --- --- --- ---
```

To activate specific trace point(s), enter "X" next to the desired trace point(s) and enter YES in the TRACE field. To turn off all trace points, enter NO in the TRACE field.

To limit trace information to a specific User-ID, enter the User-ID in the TRACE USERID field. You may specify a group of User.IDs (al I same prefix) by terminating the search argument ends with an asterisk.

To limit trace information to a specific set of ADABAS commands, enter the commands in the TRACE COMMANDS field.

Since tracing is also limited to files that have the TRACE parameter set to ON, i t may be necessary to use the PARM function to update the TRACE parameter. When using the PARM function, tracing can be turned off for only one file at a time.

When turning the TRACE off for a fi le, it is more efficient to turn it off by using the PARM function or by reloading the parameters using the RPRM function than to simply enter NO in the TRACE field in the TRAC facility.

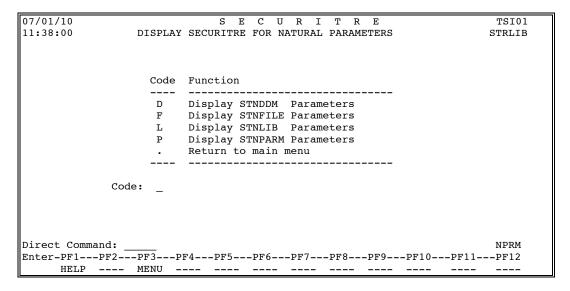
To direct the trace output data to a speci fic DD-name, enter the requested value in the DD-NAME field. If this DD-name is not allocated in the start-up JC L of ADABAS it will be dynamically allocated and assigned to SYSOUT.

SYSOUT-CLASS has only effect if DD-name is not defined in the start-up JCL. A dynamically allocated trace output file will be closed if tracing is turned off..

Any changes to DD-NAM E and/or SYSOUT CLASS will only become effective at the next OPEN to the trace output file. You have to turn trace off (NO) and on (YES) again.

#### V.5.7 <u>Display SECURITRE/NATURAL Parameters</u>

To display the current SECURITRE for NATURAL par ameter settings, the Security Administrator should either enter "NPRM" or press "H" on the Main Menu. Then, the following screen is displayed:



By entering the appropri ate code, any of the four types of SECURITRE for NATURAL parameters (STNPARM, STNLIB, STNDDM, or STNFILE) may be displayed. Entering a "." or pressing PF3 returns to the Main Menu.

When item "D" is selected to display the STNDDM parameters, the following screen is displayed:

07/01/10	S E C	URITRE		TSI01
11:38:00	DISPLAY SECURITRE FOR	NATURAL PARAMETERS	- STNDDM	STRLIB
	DDM	ALIAS	PUB/PRIV	
	*DEFAULT	DEFAULT	PRIV	
	PAYROLL	PAY	PUB	
	N20-ADMINISTRATION	N20	PUB	
	SYSTEM-FUSER	SYSTEM	PRIV	
	SYSTEM-FDIC	SYSTEM	PRIV	
	SYSTEM-FNAT	SYSTEM	PRIV	
	TELEPHONE	PHONE	PUB	
	PARTS-INVENTORY	PARTS	PRIV	
	EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT	PRIV	
	*** END OF DATA ***			
<b> </b>				
	LPF2PF3PF4PF5	PF6PF7PF8F	PF9PF10PF1	
HEI	IP MENU	+ -		- EXIT

The STNDDM parameters are displayed in the order in which they are listed in the parameter dataset. Up to 13 STNDDM statements will be displayed on each screen. PF8 may be used to scroll forward in the list if more than one page of data is available. PF7 may be used to scroll backward.

The STNFILE parameters may be displayed by entering "F" on the NPRM menu.

```
S E C U R I T R E
DISPLAY SECURITRE FOR NATURAL PARAMETERS - STNFILE
07/01/10
                                                                     TSI01
11:38:00
                                                                  STRLIB
                       DBID
                              FNR
                                     ALIAS
                        2
                              230
                                     PROD
                        2
                               231
                                     QΑ
                              242
                                     TEST
                        *** END OF DATA ***
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
     HELP --- MENU --- -- + --- EXIT
```

The STNFILE parameters are displayed in the order in which they are listed in the parameter dataset. Up to 13 STNFILE statements will be displayed on each screen. PF8 m ay be used to scroll forward in the list if more than one page of data is available. PF7 may be used to scroll backward.

The STNLIB parameters may be displayed by entering "L" on the NPRM menu.

07/01/10		S E C U	RITRE		TSI01
11:38:00 D	ISPLAY SECURI	TRE FOR NAT	URAL PARAMETE	RS - STNLIB	STRLIB
	ITEM	LIBRARY	FUSER		
	1	*DEFAULT			
	2	SYSLIB			
	3	SYSTEM			
	4	SYSDIC			
	5	STRLIB			
	6	PAY1			
	7	PAY2			
	8	PAY3			
	9	PAY4			
	10	ABC1			
	11	ABC2			
	12	ABC3			
	13	ABC4			
Enter item	number to dis	plav STNLIB	parameters:	6	
		1 1		_	
Enter-PF1PF2	PF3PF4	-PF5PF6-	PF7PF8	_PF9PF10	PF11PF12
		-113		-II	
HELP	MENU		- +		EXIT

The STNLIB parameters are displayed in the order in which they are listed in the parameter dataset. Up to 13 STNFILE statements will be displayed on each screen. PF8 may be used to scroll forward in the list if more than one page of data is available. PF7 may be used to scroll backward.

To display all the parameters for a particular STNLIB statement, enter the number of the statement at the prompt on the bottom of the screen, and press ENTER. The following screen will be displayed:

```
07/01/10
                                                              TSI01
                      S E C U R I T R E
11:38:00
            DISPLAY SECURITRE FOR NATURAL PARAMETERS - STNLIB
                                                            STRLIB
         LIBRARY : SYSLIB
                            FUSER :
  ERRORTA:
                                   STARTUP :
  LGNPRMS
                                   STEPLIB
                                          :
  T.T
          : 0
                                   STEP1
                                           : PAY2
  ΜТ
          : 0
                                   STEP2
                                           : PAY3
  MADIO
            0
                                   STEP3
                                          : PAY4
          :
  MAXCL
          : 0
                                   STEP4
  MODE
          : REPORT
                                   STEP5
  PGMMODE : DORM
                                   STEP6
                                           :
  PGMTYPE : ALL
                                   STEP7
                                           :
  PGWRT
             YES
                                   STEP8
                                           :
  PGWRTCK :
            DORM
                                   TYPE
                                             PRIV
                                           :
  RDONLY
          : NO
                                   USRMODE :
                                             YES
  RUNMODE : DORM
                                   XREF
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
     HELP --- MENU --- --- EXIT
```

To return to the STNLIB statement I ist, press PF3. To return to the Mai n Menu from the STNLIB statement list, press PF3.

When item "P" is selected to display the STNPARM parameters, the following screen is displayed:

```
07/01/10
                                                                         TST01
                           SECURITRE
11:38:00
              DISPLAY SECURITRE FOR NATURAL PARAMETERS - STNPARM
                                                                         STRLIB
   CLASS
                                                    NULIT : UTIL
                                            NUMODE : DORM
   DDMMODE : WARN
   DDMLIT : DDM
DDMORDR : LIT LIB DDM
                                            NUORDR : LIT UTIL PGLITPD : SCRATCH
   DELIM : .
                                            PGLITOR : EXEC
   LGNLIT : LOGON LGNMODE : FAIL
                                            PGLITOW : CAT
                                            PGLITSR : RD
   LGNORDR : LIT LIB
                                            PGLITSW : SAVE
   LGNPRIV : UID
                                            PGMORDR : LIT LIB PGM
   NATUEX1:
                                            PGWLIT
                                                    : PGMWRT
   NSIFDIC : PROD
                                            PGWORDR : LIT LIB FUSR
                                            RUNLIT : RUN
RUNORDR : LIT LIB
   NSIFNAT : PROD
   NSIFUSR : PROD
   NSIMODE : WARN
                                            STEPLIB : SYSTEM
   NSIORDR : FILE LIT LIB
   PREFIX/QUALIFIER : STR.NAT
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
     HELP ---- MENU ---- ---- ---- ---- ----
```

# V.5.8 <u>Display Current Table Sizes</u>

The Security Administrator may want to di splay the table sizes allocated by the STRDEF parameters for a database. The table size can be displayed for the User, DSN, User-to-DSN relationship, and Field Level Security tables.

In order to display the table sizes in effect for database 202, the Security Administrator would enter "202" in the DBID field on the following screen:

```
07/01/10 S E C U R I T R E TSI01
11:38:00 DISPLAY CURRENT TABLE SIZES STRLIB

DBID : 202 TEST-DB

Hit ENTER to display table sizes

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10---PF11---PF12
HELP ---- MENU ---- ---- ---- ---- ---- ----
```

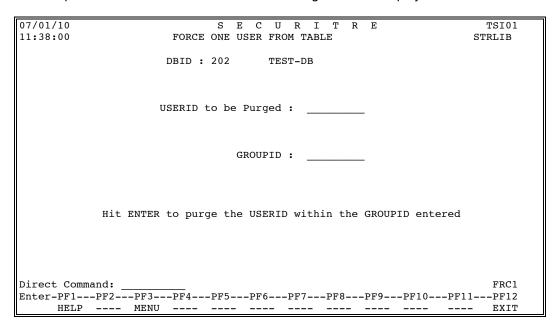
Once ENTER is pressed, the table sizes allocated for database 202 are displayed as shown on the following screen:

07/01/10 11:38:00	S E C U R I T R E DISPLAY CURRENT TABLE SIZES	TSI01 STRLIB
	DBID : 202 TEST-DB	
	Current number of users: 1 Total number of users: 10	
	Current number of DSNs: 0 Total number of DSNs: 20	
	Current number of user/DSN relationship segments: Total number of user/DSN relationship segments:	1 40
	Current number of user/FLS segments: 0 Total number of user/FLS segments: 20	
Enter DE1 DE2 DE	2 DE4 DE5 DE6 DE7 DE0 DE0 DE10 DE11	DE12
HELP ME	3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11- NU	 

The display includes the current and maximum table sizes. For instance, in the example above, the User Table has space for 10 users, but there is currently only 1 user in the table.

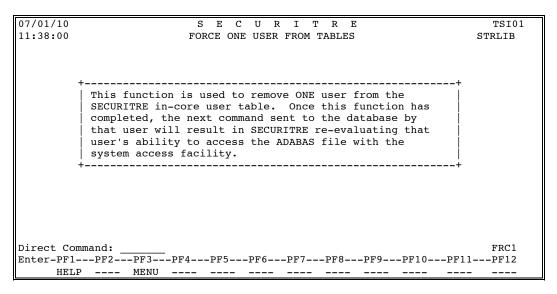
# V.5.9 Help Screens

SECURITRE includes help screens for all RTM functions. These are viewed by navigating to the appropriate screen and pressing the PF1 key. For i nstance, to view the help screen for the "Force One User From the Tables" function, the Security Administrator would either enter "FRC1" or press "A" on the Main Menu. The following screen is displayed:



If there is some question as to the meaning of this "FRC1" function, the user may press PF1 to invoke the SECURITRE HELP screen.

To get help for this function, the Security Administrator would press PF1. The following help screen is displayed if PF1 is pressed while on the "FRC1" screen:



By pressing ENTER, SECURITRE will return to the previously displayed screen.

Section V - Real-time Monitor

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# **SECTION VI**

# INTERNAL APPLICATION SECURITY FEATURES (STRNAT AND STRASM)

#### VI.1 STRNAT Calling Parameters

A description of the function of STRNAT and an example of STRNAT usage are presented in **Section VII - Internal Application Security Features (STRNAT and STRASM)** in the **Administrator Guide**.

The calling parameters for the STRNAT interface are illustrated in the following NATURAL DEFINE DATA code:

```
DEFINE DATA

LOCAL

01 ENTITY (A44) /* DSN TO BE CHECKED

01 ACCESS-TYPE (A1) /* R=READ, U=UPDATE

01 SSF-CLASS (A8) /* VALID SSF CLASS

01 ACCESS-ALLOWED (L) /* ACCESS ALLOWED

01 COMMUNICATION-OK (L) /* DATABASE ACTIVE

01 OTHER (A50) /* OTHER PARAMETERS

01 REDEFINE OTHER

02 MESSAGE (A25)

02 LOG-VIOL (A1)
```

#### The calling sequence for STRNAT is:

```
CALLNAT 'STRNAT' USING
ENTITY
ACCESS-TYPE
SSF-CLASS
ACCESS-ALLOWED
COMMUNICATION-OK
OTHER
```

#### VI.2 STRASM Calling Parameters

A description of the function of STRASM and an example of STRASM usage are presented in **Section VII - Internal Application Security Features (STRNAT and STRASM)** in the **Administrator Guide**.

The calling parameters for the STRASM interface are illustrated in the following COBOL code:

```
01 ENTITY
                                               PIC X(44).
01 ACCESS-TYPE
                                             PIC X.
01
      SSF-CLASS
                                              PIC X(8).
01 ACCESS-ALLOWED
                                             PIC X.
01 COMMUNICATION-OK
                                            PIC X.
01 OTHER.
       02 MESSAGE
                                             PIC X(25).
                                          PIC X.
       02 LOG-VIOL
ENTITY

ACCESS-TYPE

SSF-CLASS

ACCESS-ALLOWED

COMMUNICATION-OK

OTHER

DSN TO BE CHECKED

R=READ, U=UPDATE

VALID SSF CLASS

ACCESS ALLOWED ('Y' or 'N')

DATABASE ACTIVE ('Y' or 'N')

ERROR MESSAGE, LOG VIOLATION

INDICATOR ('Y' OP 'N')
                                             INDICATOR ('Y' OR 'N')
```

#### The calling sequence for STRASM is:

```
CALL 'STRASM' USING ENTITY, ACCESS-TYPE, SSF-CLASS, ACCESS-ALLOWED, COMMUNICATION-OK, OTHER.
```

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